

Jail Population Study
*An Analysis of Inmate Characteristics for
Suffolk County, N.Y.*

August 2008
Prepared by the
Criminal Justice Coordinating Council

Steve Levy
Suffolk County Executive

Suffolk County Jail Population Study: *An Analysis of Inmate Characteristics*

Prepared by the Suffolk County Criminal Justice Coordinating Council Staff

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1 Foreword

The Suffolk County Criminal Justice Coordinating Council thanks the Sheriff's Office for their assistance in helping to produce this report. The purpose of this report is to provide policymakers and planners with a detailed description of inmates housed within the Suffolk County Correctional Facility (SCCF). Having an accurate and current profile of inmates allows the criminal justice system to adopt the most efficient management plans for the population of offenders. A detailed profile of inmate characteristics, and offenses committed, also helps the criminal justice system to better identify, and respond to, any changes which may require revisions to current policies and procedures.

Ideally, the population of inmates should be analyzed on a regular basis. Our last profile report was conducted in 2004.

2 Methodology

The information in this report was obtained from the daily census reports conducted by the Sheriff's Office. The information on inmates was based upon a "one-day snapshot" that included all inmates who were in the Suffolk County correctional facility on a specific day. The one-day snapshot method for collecting data is commonly used by the Bureau of Justice Statistics and other research entities to conduct analyses of jail populations locally and nationally. For this report, we chose October 25, 2007; to be consistent with the same date as the last profile report conducted in 2004.

The Sheriff's Office maintains the database for the correctional facility. The data for October 25, 2007 was downloaded and analyzed using SPSS software. The health and mental health information on inmates is not kept in the jail database and only exists in case records maintained by the Health Department. In this report, 533 medical records were reviewed and 125 records were selected for analysis. The collection of mental health data for all inmates in the jail on October 25, 2007 is continuing and once completed, will be included in a separate report.

3 Introduction

In 2004, we conducted a brief study of the jail population as part of an overall assessment of the Suffolk County Correctional Facility. This assessment was in response to the concern for the overcrowded conditions at the facility. Three years later, the facility remains overcrowded and the need to better understand the jail population continues.

This study includes many facts and features of the jail population as it looked on October 25th, 2007 and compares this population to the population in the jail on the same day in 2004. Before describing the specific characteristics of the persons that made up the jail population on those days, we provide some basic information that may help the reader to better understand the jail, housing of inmates, inmate characteristics, and the processing of inmates through the criminal justice system. We also discuss some of the changes that have occurred between 2004 and 2007 for the local jail.

We do not discuss the circumstances which contributed to the confinement of the inmates in this study. Nor do we discuss the circumstances that led to the release of other offenders who, on these same days, were not sent to jail but had the same charges. We do plan to conduct such a study in the future.

Jail Capacity

In Suffolk County there are three jail facilities. One is located in Riverhead and is classified as a combination maximum/medium security facility by the Commission of Corrections (COC), which is the state agency that oversees all correctional facilities in New York State including state prisons, county jails, city, town and village lockups and police precinct lock-ups. The Riverhead facility is intended to hold 529 inmates in maximum security cells and 240 in medium security cells. The Yaphank jail facility is a minimum security facility that has cell space for 504 inmates. The third facility, which is a double trailer set on the grounds of the Yaphank jail site, is intended as a jail program, known as the DWI Alternative facility, and it holds 54 inmates. This makes for a total Correctional System Capacity for Suffolk County of 1,327. The average inmate population in 2007 was 1,752.

In order to ease some of the pressure on the jail to accommodate greater numbers of inmates then it was originally designed to hold, the County Sheriff has petitioned the COC for permission to add jail beds to the existing structure. Bunks were put in cells originally intended for one inmate and cots have been put on the floor of day area space. The additional jail beds, which are temporarily granted as variances to the original legal capacity of the jail are distributed as follows;

- 208 cots are set up in day area space at the Riverhead maximum security facility;
- 56 cots are set up in the day area space of each Pod (individual cells built around a central open space) in Riverhead, which makes for a total of 264 beds encroaching on space that was designed for other purposes. None of these beds are in cells;
- 192 cells are double-bunked in the Riverhead Jail;
- 60 cots are set up in the gym at the Yaphank Jail.

The 264 cots that are set up in the day area space at Riverhead and the 60 that are set up in the gym at the Yaphank facility are encroaching on space that was designed for other purposes. At any given time, there are over 300 inmates in the Suffolk County Jail that do not have cells.

The variances for additional bed space that were granted to Suffolk County were contingent on the county complying with COC's recommendation to add more permanent jail space within a set time frame. That new facility, which is being constructed on the grounds of the Yaphank Jail site, is scheduled to open September of 2011.

With the variances that were granted by COC, the Suffolk County Correctional System reaches a legal capacity of 1,838, and a functional capacity of 1,709. On the day that this jail study is based, October 25, 2007, the jail census was at 1,884.

When defendants are remanded to the jail from the courts, the jail administration must first screen them to determine how to best place them within the facility, always mindful of making best use of existing space. This has bearing on how the jail beds are used. For instance, female inmates must be kept separate from male inmates and the Riverhead facility is the only facility designed to hold males and females separately. The jail must also consider the gang affiliation status of inmates. If an inmate is affiliated with one gang or another they must be kept separate from rival gang members or affiliates.

For this study conducted on October 25, 2007, the jail census was at 1,884. When there are more defendants sent to the jail than can be accommodated, the jail administration must make arrangements with other county jails to take inmates. When we send inmates to another facility, they are referred to as "*housed-out*". Ideally, the jail administration wants to send inmates who have already been sentenced to serve time for their crimes as opposed to sending individuals who have not yet been sentenced. This is because the non-sentenced inmates will regularly require transportation back and forth to court until a disposition of their case is made. When we refer to the "disposition", we are talking about the final settlement or determination of a case that has been brought before the court. For the non-sentenced, this means until their criminal charges are dismissed or they are convicted and sentenced. These non-sentenced defendants are referred to as pre-trial inmates. This segment of the jail population constituted approximately 60% of the total jail population on 10/25/07.

Transporting inmates is costly and the jails that we have arrangements with for accepting inmates are a considerable distance from the Suffolk County Courts. As the study will show, the majority of housed-out inmates go to Riker's the New York City Correction Department at Riker's Island, which is located 71 miles away in Elmhurst New York, or Orange County Jail in Goshen, New York which is 138 miles from Suffolk County. More recently, the Sheriff's Office has been sending its overflow jail inmates to the Albany County Sheriff's Office which is 221 miles from Suffolk. These jail facilities outside of Suffolk County that have available jail beds and are willing to take in inmates (for a fee) from our jail, will only take inmates that do not have medical, mental health or behavioral problems. These restrictions limit the number of eligible inmates from our pool of sentenced inmates that stands at about 40% of the entire jail population. For example, the number of inmates that had to be housed-out on 10/25/07 was 207. Of the 207 inmates housed-out on that day, 24 were pre-trial inmates being held on felony charges and 10 were pre-trial inmates being held on misdemeanor charges. The cost to Suffolk County for housing-out inmates in 2007 was \$6,252,995. This figure does not include the cost of transporting.

Levels of Incarceration and Inmate Status

Sentenced and Pre-trial Inmates

County jails are intended for holding defendants (pre-trial inmates) while they wait for their cases to reach a disposition and for holding defendants (sentenced inmates) who have been given a sentence to serve their time locally. Typically, a local jail sentence should not exceed 365 days, or one year. Throughout the study we refer to individuals who have been sentenced to serve their time in the local jail facility as “sentenced to county time”. An individual can be sentenced to county time by the District Court, the Family Court, the County Court, or any of the town or village courts in Suffolk County.

Sentenced Ready for DOCS

The New York State Department of Correctional Services (DOCS) operates the prison system. Defendants sentenced to more than one year are sent to serve their time in prison. When we say “Sentenced Ready for DOCS” we are referring to the portion of the jail population that has recently been given a sentence by a District, Family, County or town/village court judge, to serve their time in a state prison. These inmates are currently being held in the local jail and are awaiting transfer to the state prison.

Parole Violators

Individuals who are sentenced to serve time in a state prison can become eligible under certain circumstances to be released early from prison and put under the supervision of the Division of Parole while they are in the community. If these parolee’s violate the conditions of their parole supervision, they are at risk for having their parole supervision revoked which may result in their having to return to prison to serve the remainder of their time. When a parolee violates parole, they are remanded to the custody of the local Sheriff while the circumstances of the violation are investigated. The Division of Parole will conduct hearings to determine the consequences of the violation. One result is that the time that they served in our local jail awaiting their parole hearings will serve as the consequence for the violation. Another result can be that the outcome of the parole hearing will serve as an order for the parolee to serve additional time in the local jail. Some of the violations are because the parolees commit new crimes locally, and require a disposition on both the local charges and their status with parole. There are occasions when a parole violator is held in the local jail beyond the time that parole has set for the violation. This can occur because the parolee’s local charges have not yet been disposed of in the local court.

Status of Defendants with Cases Pending

Release On Own Recognizance (ROR)

The first time a defendant is brought before a judge is at arraignment. This is usually held within 24 hours of the time that the person is arrested (but can be done later if the circumstances warrant). In Suffolk County, the Department of Probation prepares a report known as a Release on Own Recognizance (ROR) report that details personal information about the defendant. The information is obtained from interviews with each defendant and then verified, when possible, by someone that knows the defendant. This information, along with a copy of the individuals criminal history (available when persons have committed certain crimes), will aid the judge in determining the likelihood that the defendant will return to court.

Bail

The judge then has the option to release the individual if they determine that there is a good likelihood that the person will return to court to address the criminal charges. The judge may also choose to hold the person on bail which means that they are going to be in the jail unless they

pay the bail amount set. The bail can be money or other security required by a court in exchange for the release of a person in custody to assure his or her appearance at future court proceedings. If the defendant pays the bail, but does not come back to court for their next court date, they forfeit the bail money and have a warrant issued by a judge, known as a "Bench Warrant". A bench warrant is an order of a judge to law enforcement officers to arrest an individual who has failed, without excuse, to attend a scheduled court appearance or disobeyed other orders issued from the court. A bench warrant will be included on the individual's criminal history which will greatly reduce their chances of ever being released while a case is pending against them in future. Both the District Attorney, who represents the interest of the county, and the legal counsel for the defendant will take positions on the issue of release and bail.

Judges may also choose to hold a person without bail, sometimes noted as "NO BAIL". This simply means that no amount of money is getting this defendant out of jail. Bail amounts can be modified or eliminated at any point during court proceedings.

Writs and Holds

Some individuals in jails or prisons outside of Suffolk County may have charges in Suffolk County that have not been resolved. Likewise there are inmates in the Suffolk County jail that have unresolved charges in other counties or jurisdictions. If a court, a law enforcement agency, or another authority such as Immigration or a District Attorney has an interest in pursuing criminal charges against someone who is already incarcerated, they can issue a "WRIT" or follow procedures to ensure a "HOLD". A "WRIT" means that arrangements have been made to have an inmate or prisoner brought to the locality that wants to pursue criminal charges through their court. The inmate or prisoner is then held in custody by the locality that is pursuing the case against them for a certain period of time. If the authority is not prepared at the time to pursue the charges in their court but wants to ensure that the person of interest is not released from custody without them being notified that such release is imminent, they will send a warrant to the jail or prison that has the person incarcerated and this warrant will translate into a "HOLD". A "HOLD" marked on an inmate's file means that there is an authority out there who has a charge pending against this person that they may want to pursue, so before this person is released, contact the agency that has issued the warrant so that they have the opportunity to take this person into custody.

The appendix of this report lists all crimes and crime categories. In this report we categorize crimes as either, violent, drug, DWI, property, sex offenses, assaults or violations. The category named "other" is where any charge that does not fall into one of those other categories falls. Index crimes are those used by the FBI for keeping a record of crimes committed. The index crimes include, murder and non-negligent manslaughter, robbery, forcible rape, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

Comparison between 2004 and 2007(Pages 81-103)

The number of inmates in the Suffolk County Correctional Facility has increased by 12% between 2004 and 2007. On October 25, 2007, there were 1,884 inmates in the Suffolk County Correctional facility and in 2004 there were 1,677.

While the number of inmates in local jails has increased nationally and in NYS, the 12% increase in Suffolk County is higher than the national average of 7.8% and the NYS average of 4% (*for NYS the increase does not include NYC jails or DOCS prisons*).

The 12% increase in the number of inmates occurred during the same time that the number of adult arrests increased by only 1% and the number of index offenses (murder and non-negligent manslaughter, robbery, forcible rape, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson) reported in Suffolk County decreased by 4%.

The number of pre-trial inmates increased 8% between 2004 and 2007. In 2007, 59% of the inmates were in pre-trial status, while in 2004, 51% of the inmates were in pre-trial status.

Of the pre-trial inmates, those with pre-trial felony charges increased 9% between 2004 and 2007. The number of sentenced inmates and those with misdemeanor charges decreased between 2004 and 2007.

The number inmates identified as gang affiliated increased 5% from 2004 to 2007. The number of inmates with drug and alcohol charges increased 4% between 2004 and 2007 and the number of inmates with violent charges increased 2% during the same period.

The number of inmates who had bail set increased by 2% between 2004 and 2007. However, the number of inmates given lower bail amounts (from \$25-\$500) decreased by 8%. The number of inmates given bail amounts in excess of \$20,000 increased 14% between 2004 and 2007.

3.1 Summary of Major Findings for 2007 Jail Population Sample

A one day snap-shot sample of inmates in the Suffolk County Correctional Facility was obtained on October 25, 2007. All inmates in the Correctional Facility on that day were included for this report.

Overall Status (see pages 15-17)

- On October 25, 2007, 1884 inmates were in the Suffolk County Correctional Facility.
- 33% (n=628) of the jail population were sentenced to serve time in jail. Of those;
 - 1.5% (29) were defendants sentenced to prison and awaiting transfer to a NYS Department of Corrections (DOCS) prison;
- 58% (n=1102) of the jail population were pre-trial defendants. Of those;
 - 45% of these defendants were pre-trial felony and 14% were pre-trial misdemeanor defendants (includes 3 family court defendants) ;

Demographic (see pages 17-47)

- 90% of all inmates are male;
- 54% of all inmates are white, 41% are Black, and 5% were defined as Other;
- 21% of all inmates (including Black and White Races) are Hispanic;
- The average age of all inmates is 33 years;
- 48% of all inmates were under age 30;
- 83% of all inmates were born in the US or Puerto Rico;
- 72% of all inmate's marital status was single;
- 53% of all inmates defined their religion as Catholic;
- 43% of all inmates do not have a high school degree;
- Based upon a sample of 533 inmates, 44% of inmates were evaluated by the mental health clinic;
- Based upon a sample of 125 inmates, 31% of inmates were diagnosed with a mental illness;
- 78% of all inmates diagnosed with a mental illness were also diagnosed with a substance abuse disorder;
- 19% of all inmates (354) were identified as gang affiliated;
- 66% of gang affiliated inmates were identified as Black;
- 42% of gang affiliated inmates were under 30 years of age;

Offenses (see pages 48-61 for charges and page 104 for the charge categories)

- 78% of inmates were held on charges that were non-violent;
- 34% of all inmates had Drug and/or DWI/alcohol related offenses;
- 425 inmates had drug charges. Of those;
 - 51% were for possession charges and 49% were for criminal sale charges;
- 14% of all inmates had property charges;

Incarceration History (see pages 61-79)

- 72% of all inmates had been in the jail at least one time in their past for a sentenced or pre-trial offense;
- 40% of inmates in Suffolk County have been sentenced to incarceration at least one time in their past; the national average is 58%;
- Pre-trial felony inmates spent an average of 119* days in custody (*from date of entry to date of study);
- Pre-trial misdemeanor inmates spent an average of 51* days in custody (*from date of entry to date of study);
- Sentenced inmates (n=586) spent an average of 110 days in custody. Of those;
 - 23% (146) were sentenced to 365 days – the largest number in any category;
- Thirty seven (37) sentenced inmates served in excess of 720 days;
- Seven (7) inmates were given sentences of 365 days for driving with a suspended or revoked license charge (VTL 511);
- Inmates sentenced and ready for DOCS spend an average of 10.6 days in the Suffolk County jail before transfer to DOCS;
- 81% (898) of all pre-trial inmates had bail set. Of those;
 - 51% had bail set over \$20,000 and;
 - 9% had bail set under \$1,000;
- 11% (207) of all inmates were housed-out in other correctional facilities within NYS;
- 70% (145) of the housed-out inmates were sent to Riker's Island;
- 16% (34) of those housed-out were pre-trial felony or misdemeanor inmates;

3.2 Summary of Major Findings: Comparison between 2004 and 2007 Jail Population (Pages 81-104)

- The total jail population in Suffolk County increased 12% (207 inmates) from 2004 to 2007;
 - The total jail population in New York State (*not including NYC jails or DOCS prisons*) increased 4% from 2004 to 2007;
 - The total jail population in the U.S. increased approximately 8% from 2004 to 2007;
- The total pre-trial population in the jail increased 7% from 2004 to 2007. In 2004, the total pre-trial population was 51% or 883 inmates while in 2007, the total pre-trial population was 58% or 1102 inmates.
- The pre-trial felony population within the jail increased 8% from 2004 to 2007. In 2004, 69% of the 883 pretrial inmates were in pre-trial felony status and in 2007, 77% of the 1102 pre-trial inmates were in pre-trial felony status.
- The pre-trial misdemeanor population within the jail decreased 8% from 2004 to 2007. In 2004, 31% were in pre-trial misdemeanor status and in 2007, 23% were in pre-trial misdemeanor status.
- The sentenced population within the Suffolk jail decreased 6% from 2004 to 2007. In 2004, 39% of all inmates were sentenced, while in 2007, 33% of all inmates were sentenced.
 - The percentage of inmates in all inmate groups (*except pre-trial felony*) decreased from 2004 to 2007;

	2004	2007
Sentenced Ready For DOCS	2% (n = 32)	1% (n = 29)
Sentenced By Family Court	1% (n = 20)	1% (n = 12)
Sentenced To County Time	36% (n = 612)	32% (n = 587)
NYS Parole Violator	6% (n = 97)	4% (n = 79)
Writ To SCCF	2% (n = 32)	2% (n = 34)
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	16% (n = 271)	14% (n = 257)
<i>Pre-trial Felony</i>	37% (n = 613)	46% (n = 845)

- The percentage of adult felony arrests in Suffolk County increased 5% from 2004 to 2007;

- The percentage of index offenses (murder and non-negligent manslaughter, robbery, forcible rape, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson) reported in Suffolk County decreased by 4% from 2004 to 2007.

Demographic

- The ratio of males to females (90% male) remained unchanged between 2004 and 2007;
- The average age of inmates increased slightly from 32 years in 2004 to 33 years in 2007;
 - The percentage of inmates ages 30-39 decreased 5% from 2004 to 2007;
 - The percentage of inmates ages 40-49 increased 3% from 2004 to 2007;
- The percentage of gang affiliated inmates identified increased 5% from 240 inmates in 2004 to 354 inmates in 2007;
- The percentage of gang affiliated inmates in pre-trial felony status increased 7% from 126 in 2004 (53%) to 209 in 2007 (59%)

Offenses

- The percentage of inmates with drug and alcohol charges increased 4% from 31% in 2004 to 35% in 2007;
- The percentage of inmates with violent charges increased 2% from 22% in 2004 to 24% in 2007;

Incarceration History

- The percentage of inmates who spent more than 120 days in custody increased by 7% from 2004 to 2007.
 - In 2004, 22% of inmates spent more than 120 days in custody
 - In 2007, 29% of inmates spent more than 120 days in custody.
- The percentage of all pre-trial inmates receiving bail increased 2% from 80% in 2004 to 82% in 2007;
- The percentage of all pre-trial inmates receiving bail between \$25 and \$500 decreased 8% from 12% in 2004 to 4% in 2007;
- The percentage of pre-trial felony inmates receiving bail between \$25 and \$500 remained unchanged between 2004 and 2007;
- The percentage of pre-trial inmates in misdemeanor status with bail amounts between \$25 and \$500 decreased 18% from 35% in 2004 to 17% in 2007;

- The percentage of all pre-trial inmates receiving bail in excess of \$20,000 increased 14% from 28% in 2004 to 42% in 2007;
- The percentage of pre-trial felony inmates receiving bail in excess of \$20,000 increased 14% from 37% in 2004 to 51% in 2007;
- The percentage of pre-trial inmates in misdemeanor status with bail amounts in excess of \$20,000 increased 6% from 7% in 2004 to 13% in 2007;
- The percentage of inmates housed-out in other correctional facilities decreased 6% from 17% in 2004 to 11% in 2007;
 - 288 inmates were housed-out in 2004 and 207 inmates were housed-out in 2007;
- In 2004, 35% of housed-out inmates were sent to Orange County and in 2007 this decreased to 2%;
- In 2004, 20% of housed-out inmates were sent to Riker's Island and in 2007 this increased to 70%;
- In 2004, inmates spent fewer days in jail than in 2007.

4 Jail Population Characteristics

The Census for the Suffolk County Correctional Facility on October 25, 2007 was 1,884 inmates.

4.1 Inmate Status

Inmates were defined based upon six status categories:

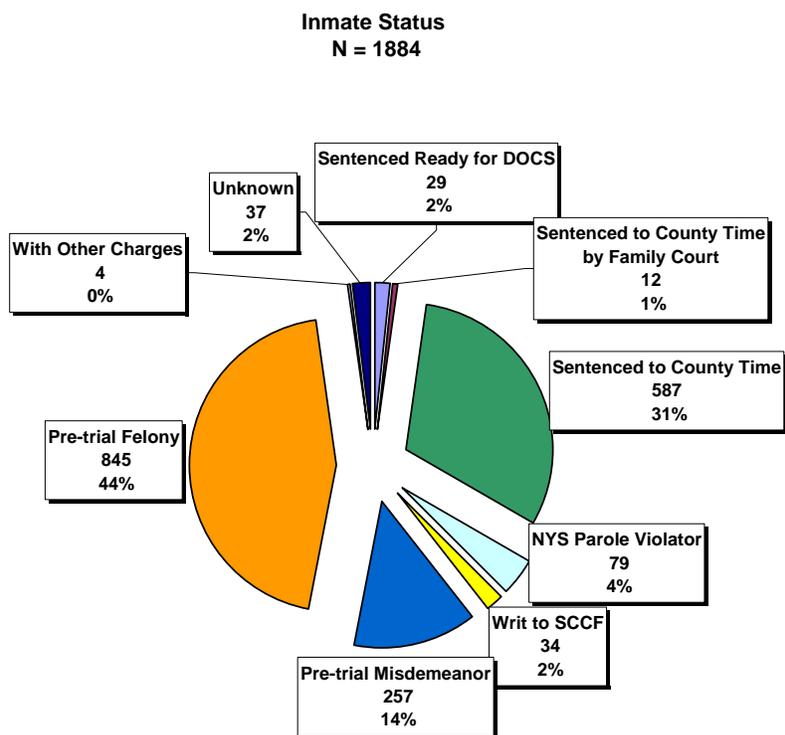
- **State Ready or Sentenced to NYS DOCS** – defined as inmates sentenced to prison who are awaiting transfer from the jail to a New York State Department of Corrections (DOCS) prison;
- **Sentenced to County Time** – defined as inmates serving a sentence in the county jail for a convicted offense
- **Sentenced by Family Court** – defined as inmates serving a sentence in the county jail for a convicted offense through the family court
- **Parole Violators** – defined as inmates who violated their terms of parole and are awaiting a disposition
- **Writ to Suffolk County Correctional Facility (SCCF)** – defined as inmates held in the SCCF for other law enforcement agencies until their local matters are resolved
- **Pre-trial Felony and Misdemeanor** – defined as inmates who have not been convicted on their charge(s) but are being held in jail until a disposition of their case is made.

All inmates are defined by their status. Over half (59%) of all inmates are pre-trial. The majority of the pre-trial inmates are felony (45%) while 14% of pre-trial cases are misdemeanor (3 pre-trial cases were from family court and are included in the misdemeanor category). Table 1. and Chart 1. show the distribution of inmates according to their status.

Table 1. Inmate Status for Total Jail Population (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
sentenced ready for DOCS	29	1.5
sentenced to county time	587	31.2
Sentenced to county time by family court	12	.6
NYS parole violator	79	4.2
Writ to SCCF	34	1.8
Pre- trial Misdemeanor	257	13.6
Pre-trial Felony	845	44.9
With other charges	4	.2
unknown	37	2.0
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 1. Inmate Status for Total Jail Population (N=1884)



4.2 Demographic Characteristics

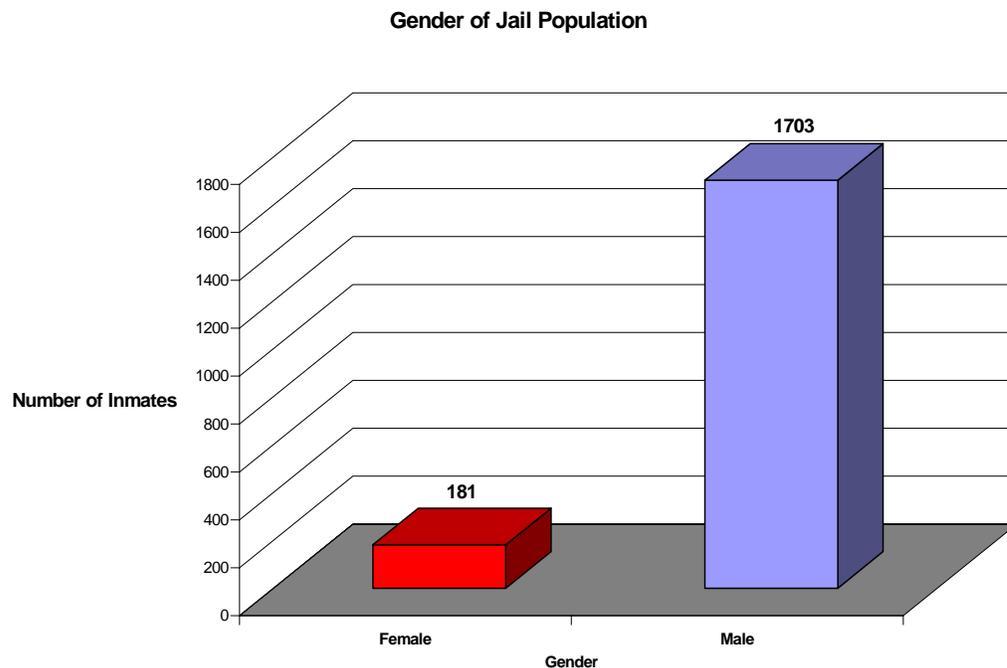
The majority of inmates in the Suffolk County Correctional facility are male. The ratio is 90% male to 10% female. The percentage of females in pre-trial status is 60% and the percentage of males in pre-trial status is 52%. Table 3 shows the number of males and females according to their status. These ratios are consistent with other jail figures nationally which show that 87% of jail inmates are male and 13% are female.¹

4.2.1 Gender

Table 2. Gender of Inmate (N=1884)

Gender	Frequency	Percent
Female	181	9.6
Male	1703	90.4
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 2. (N=1884)



¹ Bureau of Justice Statistics, Jail Inmates at Midyear 2007, June 2008.

Table 3. Inmate Status and Gender (N=1884)

Inmate Status	Gender		
	Female	Male	Total
sentenced ready for DOCS	5	24	29
sentenced to county time	53	534	587
Sentenced to county time by family court	0	12	12
NYS parole violator	9	70	79
Writ to SCCF	2	32	34
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	28	229	257
Pre-trial Felony	81	764	845
With other charges	0	4	4
Unknown	3	34	37
Total	181	1703	1884

4.2.2 Race

In the Suffolk County jail, 54% of all inmates were identified as White and 41% were identified as Black. Three inmates were identified as Asian and for 5%, race was unknown. At 54%, the percentage of White inmates in the Suffolk County jail is higher than the national average for jails which is at 43%. At 41%, the percentage of Black inmates in the Suffolk County jail is closer to the national average of 39%.²

62% of Black inmates (478 inmates) were in pre-trial status while 57% of White inmates (583) were in pre-trial status. See table 4.

Of the 181 females in the correctional facility, 50% were identified as Black, 47% as White, and for 3%, race was unknown. Of the 1,703 males, 40% were identified as Black, 55% as White, and for 5% race was unknown. See Table 5.

² Bureau of Justice Statistics, Jail Inmates at Midyear 2007, June 2008

Chart 3. (N=1884)

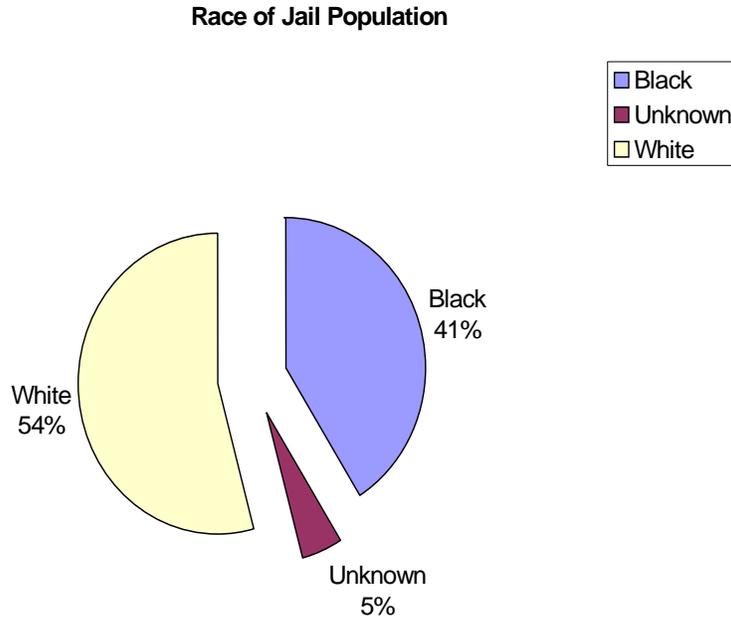


Table 4. Race of Inmate and Inmate Status (N=1884)

Inmate Status	Race of Inmate				Total
	Asian	Black	Unknown	White	
sentenced ready for DOCS	0	10	5	14	29
sentenced to county time	2	198	31	356	587
sentenced to county time by family court	0	5	1	6	12
NYS parole violator	0	49	3	27	79
Writ to SCCF	0	20	3	11	34
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	0	75	12	170	257
Pre-trial Felony	1	403	28	413	845
With other charges	0	0	2	2	4
Unknown	0	15	1	21	37
Total	3	775	86	1020	1884

Table 5. Race and Gender of Inmates (N=1884)

	Female	Male	Total
Asian	0	3	3
% within Gender of Inmate	0%	.2%	.2%
Black	90	685	775
% within Gender of Inmate	49.7%	40.2%	41.1%
Unknown	6	80	86
% within Gender of Inmate	3.3%	4.7%	4.6%
White	85	935	1020
% within Gender of Inmate	47.0%	54.9%	54.1%
Total	181	1703	1884
% within Gender of Inmate	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

4.2.3 Hispanic Ethnicity

The ethnicity of inmates is recorded separately from race. 74% of all inmates were identified as non-Hispanic, 21% as Hispanic, and 5% as unknown (see Table 6. and Chart 4). The percentage of inmates identified as Hispanic in the SCCF is slightly higher than the national average of Hispanic inmates in jails which is 16%.³

There were a total of 403 Hispanic inmates. Of those, 65% were in pre-trial status; 45% (183) were in pre-trial felony status and 20% (80) were in pre-trial misdemeanor status. For non-Hispanics, 57% were in pre-trial status (630 pre-trial felony; 165 pre-trial misdemeanor). See Table 7.

Table 6. Hispanic Ethnicity for Inmates (All Races) (N=1884)

Ethnicity	Frequency	Percent
Hispanic	403	21.4
Non-Hispanic	1387	73.6
Unknown	94	5.0
Total	1884	100.0

³ Bureau of Justice Statistics, Jail Inmates at Midyear 2007, June 2008

Chart 4. (N=1884)

Hispanic Ethnicity for Jail Population (All Races)

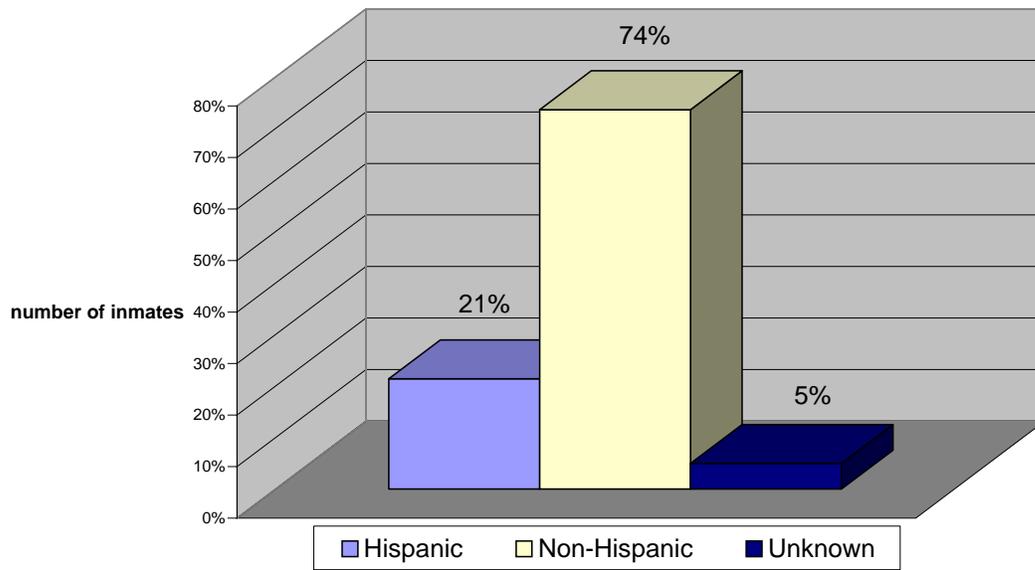


Table 7. Hispanic Ethnicity and Current Status (N=1884)

Inmate Status	Hispanic Ethnicity			Total
	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Unknown	
sentenced ready for DOCS	4	20	5	29
sentenced to county time	109	445	33	587
sentenced to county time by family court	0	11	1	12
NYS parole violator	7	69	3	79
Writ to SCCF	9	21	4	34
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	80	165	12	257
Pre-trial Felony	183	630	32	845
With other charges	2	0	2	4
Unknown	9	26	2	37
Total	403	1387	94	1884

4.2.4 Age

The average age for all inmates in the Suffolk County jail was 33 years old. The average age of male inmates was 32 and the average age of female inmates was 35. Almost half of all inmates (48%) are under 30 years of age. The ages of inmates range from the youngest at 16 years to the oldest who is 71 years old. The most common age for inmates is 22. The largest numbers of offenders fall into the 22-30 year old age group category. See Table 8. for the age distribution of male and female inmates and Chart 5. for the age distribution of all inmates. Table 9. shows the age distribution according to inmate status.

Table 8. Age Categories of Inmates (N=1884)

	Males	Females	Total	Percent
16-18 years old	97	3	100	5.3
19-21 years old	203	19	222	11.8
22-30 years old	540	47	587	31.2
31-40 years old	424	44	468	24.8
41-50 years old	341	53	394	20.9
51-60 years old	85	15	100	5.3
60+ years old	13	0	13	.7
Total	1703	181	1884	100.0

Chart 5. Age Categories of Inmates (N=1884)

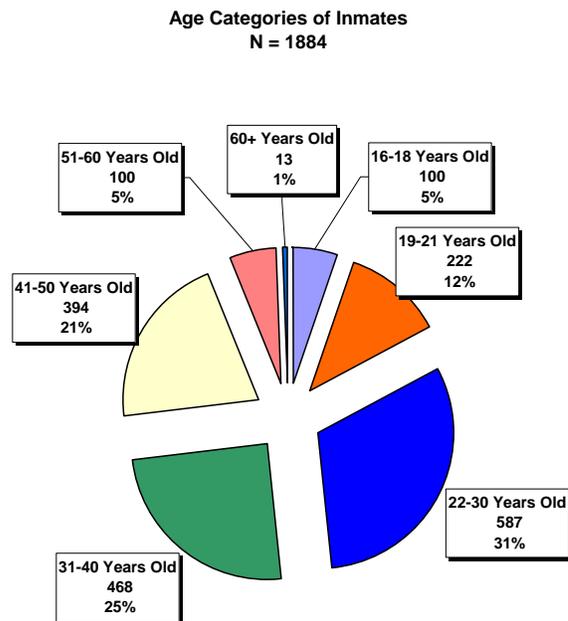


Table 9. Age of Inmates According to Inmate Status (N=1884)

Inmate Status	Age of Inmates							Total
	16-18 years old	19-21 years old	22-30 years old	31-40 years old	41-50 years old	51-60 years old	60+ years old	
Sentenced Ready for DOCS	2 (.1%)	1 (.1%)	12 (.6%)	8 (.4%)	4 (.2%)	2 (.1%)	0 (.0%)	29 (1.5%)
Sentenced to County Time	21 (1.1%)	59 (3.1%)	178 (9.4%)	157 (8.3%)	127 (.1%)	41 (2.2%)	4 (.2%)	587 (31.2%)
Sentenced to County time by Family Court	1 (.1%)	0 (.0%)	3 (.2%)	4 (.2%)	4 (.2%)	0 (.0%)	0 (.0%)	12 (.6%)
NYS Parole Violator	0 (.0%)	4 (.2%)	14 (.7%)	28 (1.5%)	31 (1.6%)	2 (.1%)	0 (.0%)	79 (4.2%)
Writs to SCCF	3 (.2%)	2 (.1%)	12 (.6%)	9 (.5%)	7 (.4%)	1 (.1%)	0 (.0%)	34 (1.8%)
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	12 (.6%)	25 (1.3%)	82 (4.4%)	61 (3.2%)	63 (3.3%)	11 (.6%)	3 (.2%)	257 (13.6%)
Pre-trial Felony	58 (3.1%)	125 (6.6%)	273 (14.5%)	185 (9.8%)	155 (8.2%)	43 (2.3%)	6 (.3%)	845 (44.1%)
With Other Charges	0 (.0%)	0 (.0%)	3 (.2%)	1 (.1%)	0 (.0%)	0 (.0%)	0 (.0%)	4 (.2%)
unknown	3 (.2%)	6 (.3%)	10 (.5%)	15 (.8%)	3 (.2%)	0 (.0%)	0 (.0%)	37 (2.0%)
Total	100 (5.3%)	222 (11.8%)	587 (31.2%)	468 (24.8%)	394 (20.9%)	100 (5.3%)	13 (.7%)	1884 (100.0%)

4.2.5 Place of Birth

83% of all inmates were born in the United States or Puerto Rico, 14% were born outside of the United States; and the birthplace for 3% of the inmates is unknown. The citizenship status for those born outside of the United States or Puerto Rico is unknown. See table 10. and chart 6.

For the 403 inmates of Hispanic descent, 50% (201) were born in the United States or Puerto Rico. Table 11. and chart 8. show the countries of birth for all Hispanic inmates.

Table 10. Top Places of Birth for Inmates (N=1884)

Place of Birth	Frequency	Percent
New York	1349	71.6
El Salvador	84	4.5
Puerto Rico	47	2.5
Honduras	36	1.9
Guatemala	26	1.4
Mexico	23	1.2
USA (Not NY)	169	9.0
Other Country	96	5.1
Total	1830	97.1
Unknown	54	2.9
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 6. Place of Birth – U.S. Born and Non-U.S. Born (N=1884)

Place of Birth for Total Inmate Population

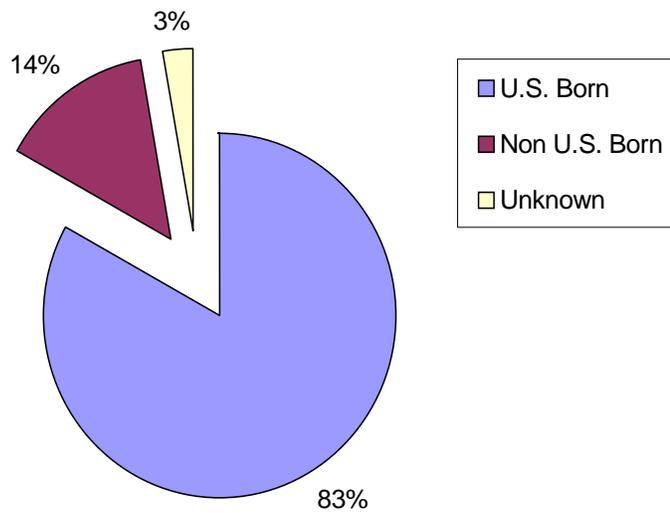


Table 11. Place of Birth and Ethnicity (Hispanic) (N=403)

Place Of Birth	Frequency	Percent
New York	151	37
El Salvador	77	19
Puerto Rico	40	10
Honduras	32	8
Guatemala	23	6
Mexico	21	5
Dominican Republic	18	4
Ecuador	14	3
Columbia	11	3
Other Latin Country	5	2
Other U.S. States	11	3
Total	403	100.0

Chart 7. Place of Birth for Hispanics – U.S. And Non-U.S. Born (N=403)

Place of Birth of Hispanics
N = 403

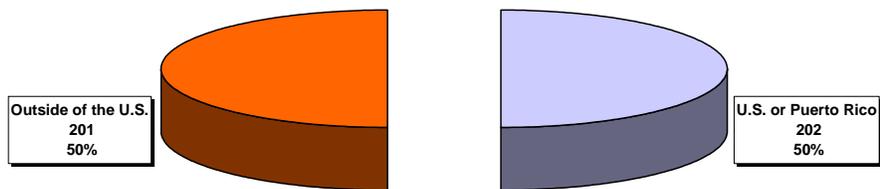
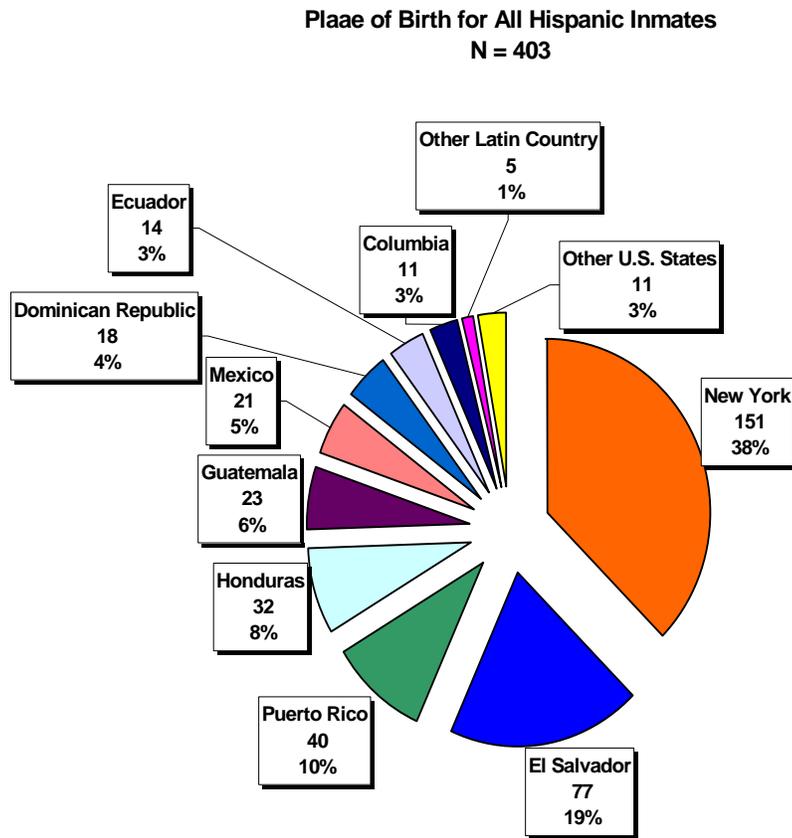


Chart 8. Place of Birth for Hispanic Inmates (N=403)



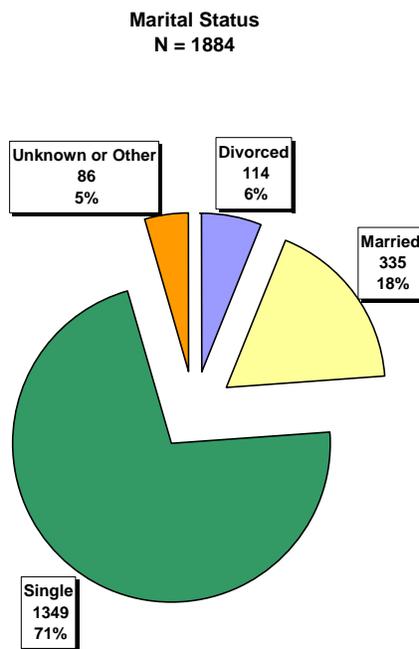
4.2.6 Marital Status

The majority of inmates were not married. 71% were identified as single and 18% as married.

Table 12. Marital Status (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
Divorced	114	6.1
Married	335	17.8
Single	1349	71.6
Unknown or other	86	4.6
Total	1884	100

Chart 9. Marital Status of Inmates (N=1884)



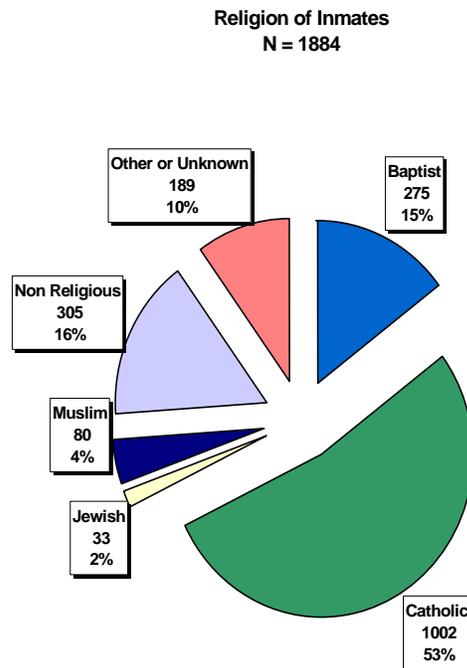
4.2.7 Religion

The majority of inmates (84%) defined themselves as belonging to a religious group. Catholic was the most identified religion (53%) followed by Baptist (15%).

Table 13. Religion of Inmate (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
Baptist	275	14.6
Catholic	1002	53.2
Jewish	33	1.8
Muslim	80	4.2
Non Religious	305	16.2
Other or Unknown	189	10.0
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 10. Religious Identification of All Inmates (N=1884)



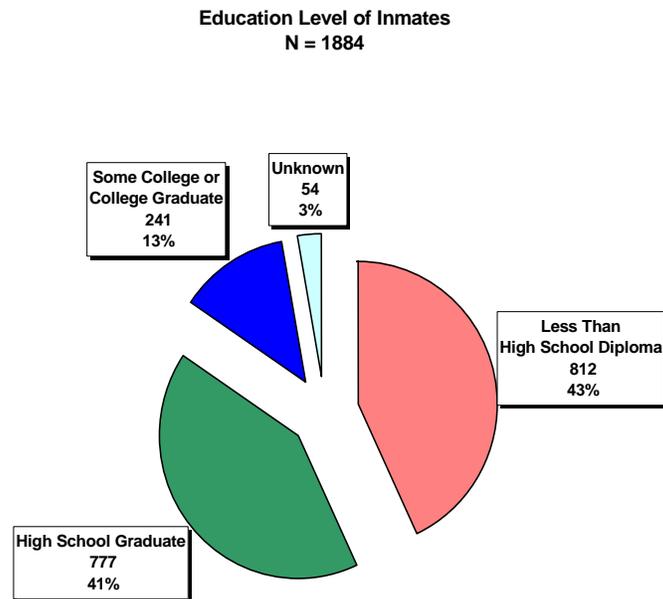
4.2.8 Education

43% of all inmates have less than a high school diploma. 41% of all inmates have a high school diploma and 13% have some college or have graduated from college.

Table 14. Education Level of Inmates (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
less than High School Diploma	812	43.1
High School Graduate	777	41.2
Some college or college graduate	241	12.8
Unknown	54	2.9
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 11. Education Levels for Total Jail Population (N=1884)



4.2.9 Employment

The employment history for inmates indicates that about half (952) were employed either full-time or part-time at the time of incarceration. 40% were unemployed at the time of incarceration. See table 15. and Chart 12.

Table 15. Employment Status at Time of Incarceration (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
Disabled	37	2
Full-time	822	44
Part- time	130	7
Retired	8	.5
Student	66	3.5
Unemployed	762	40
Unknown	59	3
Total	1884	100

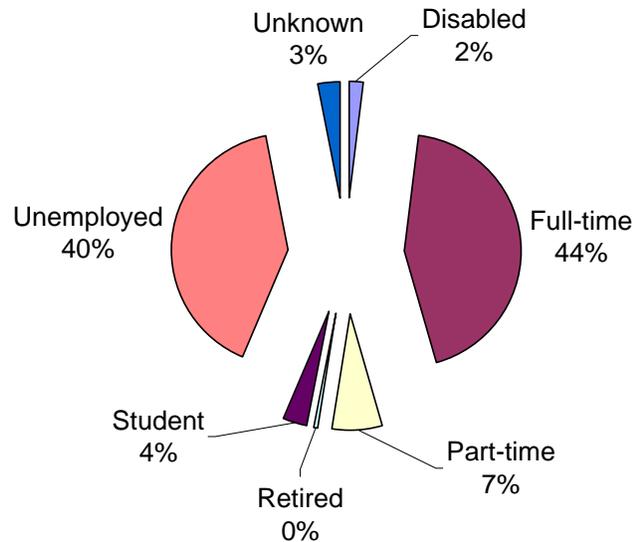
The occupational status of inmates shows that over half (1093) defined themselves as laborers, while 26% did not identify any specific occupation. See table 16.

Table 16. Occupation Category for Inmates (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
Laborer	1093	58
None	496	26
Skilled	132	7
Professional	32	2
Student	65	3
Unknown	54	3
Other	12	1
Total	1884	100

Chart 12. Employment Status of Inmates (N=1884)

Employment Status For Inmates



4.2.10 Mental Health

The Suffolk County jail mental health unit is managed by the Suffolk County Department of Health. All inmate health information is kept in paper case record files and is not in electronic databases. Therefore, all mental health data for the 1884 inmates must be collected by reading each case file and extracting the data by hand. This process is time consuming and will take several months to complete. Once complete, a full analysis of the mental health data for all 1884 cases will be included in an updated version of this report.

The process for reviewing all cases is occurring in two phases. In phase one, the case record is reviewed to see if the inmate was seen by the mental health unit during their current incarceration or during a past incarceration. In phase two, the full case record is reviewed to obtain more detailed information on the mental health and substance abuse history of the inmate.

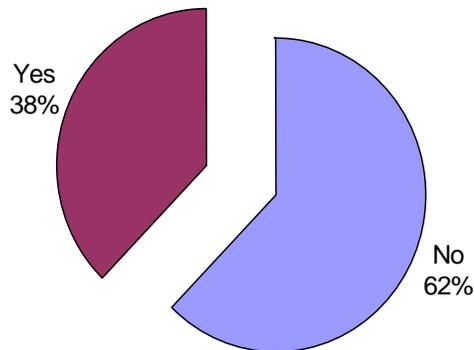
In the first phase, 533 of the 1884 cases were reviewed to determine if inmates were seen by the mental health clinic during their current incarceration or at anytime during a past incarceration. Of the 533 inmates, 38% (202) were seen by the mental health clinic during their current incarceration and 23% (127) were seen by the clinic during a past incarceration. 17% (93) inmates were seen by the clinic during their current incarceration and during a past incarceration. A total of 44% (236) of inmates were seen by the mental health clinic during their current stay or during a past stay. See Table 18. and chart 13.

Table 18. Seen by the Mental Health Clinic for Current and Past Stay of Incarceration (N=533)

Seen in Mental Health Clinic for Current Incarceration	Seen in Mental Health Clinic for a Past Incarceration		Total (Percent of Total)
	No	Yes	
No	297	34	331 (62%)
Yes	109	93	202 (38%)
Total	406	127	533 (100%)

Chart 13. Seen by Mental Health Clinic for Current Stay of Incarceration (N=533)

Seen By the Mental Health Clinic For Current Stay



In the second phase of analysis, the case files for the 38% (202) of inmates, seen by the clinic, were identified. Of the 202 cases identified, 125 were reviewed in greater depth. Of the 125 cases reviewed, 74% (92) were opened by the clinic; meaning that a mental health diagnosis was made and some level of service was provided. Three of the 92 inmates were diagnosed with a primary substance abuse disorder and 89 inmates were diagnosed with a primary mental illness. See table 19.

If these preliminary results continue after the mental health data is collected for all 1884 inmates, then an estimated 31% (588) of all inmates would have a diagnosed mental illness.

This estimate* is based upon the following:

1,884 total inmates;
 44% of inmates were seen by the clinic = 829;
 71% of those seen by clinic had a primary mental health diagnosis = 588
 588/1884 = 31%

**This is an estimate based upon a very small sample. All numbers are subject to change once the mental health histories for all inmates are collected.*

Table 19. Outcome of Mental Health Screening (N=125)

	Frequency	Percent of Total Jail Population	Percent of 125 Inmates
Screened Out	28	1.5	22.4
Case Opened	92	4.9	73.6
Seen for DWI Clearance Only	3	.2	2.4
Seen for Work or Other Clearance Only	2	.2	1.6
Total	125	6.6	100.0
Data not collected to date	1759	93.4	
Total	1884	100.0	

The primary mental health diagnoses for inmates seen by the mental health clinic were categorized according to major categories of mental illness. The most common diagnosis given was "Depressive disorders/no other symptoms (NOS)". Almost half (49%) of the inmates seen by the mental health clinic were diagnosed with depressive disorder with no other symptoms present. See Table 20.

Table 20. Mental Health Diagnosis for Cases Opened (N=92)

Mental Health Diagnosis	Outcome of Screening for Case Opened
Substance Abuse Only	3
Schizophrenia	3
Adjustment Disorder w/Anxiety	7
Depressive Disorder No Other Symptoms	45
Psychotic Disorder No Other Symptoms	5
Anxiety Disorder No Other Symptoms	3
Mood Disorder No Other Symptoms	4
Bipolar Disorder	4
Adjustment Disorder	14
Rule Out Schizophrenia	1
Rule Out Bipolar Affective Disorder	2
Generalized Anxiety Disorder	1
Total	92

Of the 92 cases reviewed, 54% (50) were in pre-trial status. Again, we estimate that 31% of the jail population has a diagnosed mental illness. Table 21 shows the mental health diagnosis according to inmate status for the 92 cases reviewed. The most common offenses inmates with a mental illness were being held on, were Property Offenses. See Table 22.

Of the 92 cases reviewed, 85% (78) were also diagnosed with a substance abuse disorder. 45% (35) of the 92 cases were diagnosed with abusing more than one substance; this is also referred to as polysubstance abuse. See table 23. and chart 14.

Table 21. Mental Health Diagnosis and Inmates Status (N=92)

	Sentenced Ready for DOCS	Sentenced to County Time	NYS Parole Violator	Writs to SCCF	Pre-Trial Misdemeanor	Pre-trial Felony	Unknown	Total	Percentage
Substance Abuse Only	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	3%
Schizophrenia	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	3%
Adjustment Disorder w/Anxiety	0	1	0	0	1	5	0	7	8%
Depressive Disorder No Other Symptom	3	10	4	1	7	20	0	45	49%
Psychotic Disorder No Other Symptom	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	5	5%
Anxiety Disorder No Other Symptom	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	3%
Mood Disorder No Other Symptom	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	4	5%
Bipolar Disorder	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	4	5%
Adjustment Disorder	1	6	0	1	0	6	0	14	15%
Rule Out Schizophrenia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1%
Rule Out Bipolar Affective Disorder	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	2%
Generalized Anxiety Disorder	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
Total	6	27	6	2	10	40	1	92	100%

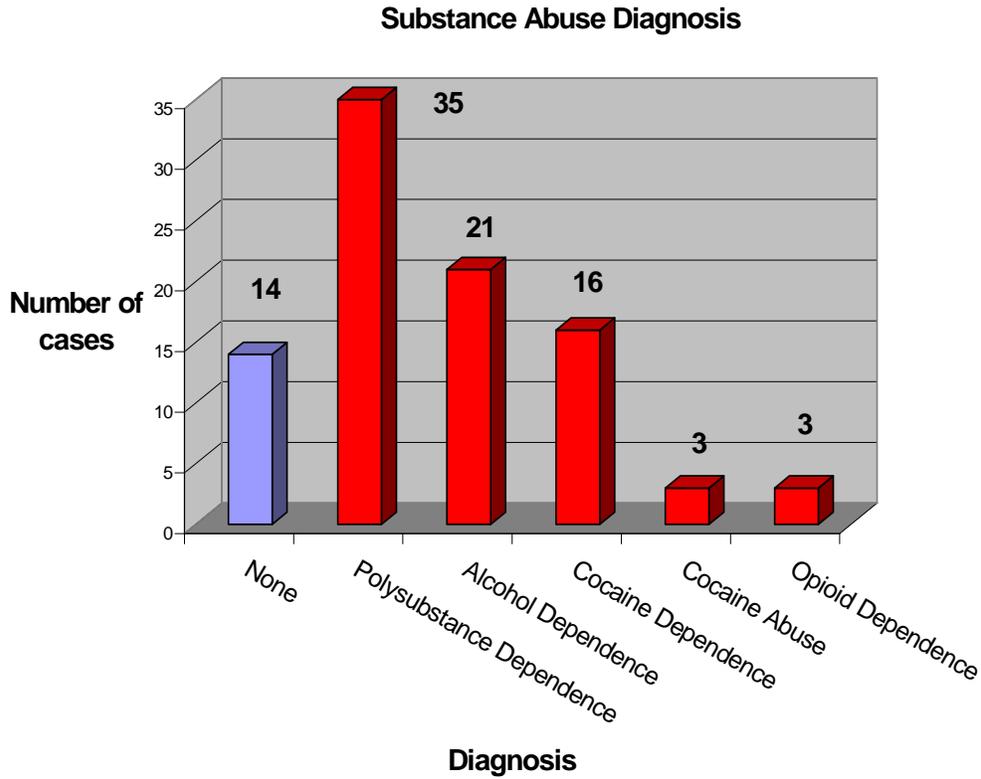
Table 22. Category of Charge for Inmates Seen by the Mental Health Clinic (N=92)

	Violent	Drug	DWI/Alcohol	Property	Sex Offenses	Assaults	Violations	Other	Total
Substance Abuse Only	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
Schizophrenia	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
Adjustment Disorder w/Anxiety	2	0	1	1	0	3	0	0	7
Depressive Disorder No Other Symptom	8	7	6	10	1	4	7	2	45
Psychotic Disorder No Other Symptom	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	5
Anxiety Disorder No Other Symptom	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	3
Mood Disorder No Other Symptom	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
Bipolar Disorder	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	4
Adjustment Disorder	1	3	2	4	0	2	0	2	14
Rule Out Schizophrenia	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Rule Out Bipolar Affective Disorder	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Generalized Anxiety Disorder	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	16	17	13	19	1	10	8	8	92

Table 23. Substance Abuse Diagnosis (N=92)

	Frequency	Percent of Total Jail Population	Percent of 92 Cases
None	14	.7	15.2
Polysubstance Dependence	35	1.9	38.0
Alcohol Dependence	21	1.1	22.8
Cocaine Dependence	16	.8	17.4
Cocaine Abuse	3	.2	3.3
Opioid Dependence	3	.2	3.3
Total	92	4.9	100.0
Missing Data	1792	95.1	
Total	1884	100.0	

Chart 14. Substance Abuse Diagnosis for Mental Health Unit Cases (N=92)



Of the 92 cases reviewed, 24% (22) were diagnosed with polysubstance dependence and depressive disorder No Other Symptoms. See table 24. Tables 25. and 26. show the mental health and substance abuse diagnosis according to inmates race and gender.

Table 24. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Diagnoses (N=92)

	None	Polysubstance Dependence	Alcohol Dependence	Cocaine Dependence	Cocaine Abuse	Opioid Dependence	Total
Substance Abuse Only	0	2	0	1	0	0	3
Schizophrenia	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
Adjustment Disorder w/Anxiety	2	2	2	1	0	0	7
Depressive Disorder No Other Symptom	5	22	7	9	0	2	45
Psychotic Disorder No Other Symptom	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
Anxiety Disorder No Other Symptom	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
Mood Disorder No Other Symptom	1	1	0	1	1	0	4
Bipolar Disorder	0	0	3	1	0	0	4
Adjustment Disorder	5	3	4	1	1	0	14
Rule Out Schizophrenia	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Rule Out Bipolar Adjustment Disorder	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Generalized Anxiety Disorder	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Total Male	14	35	21	16	3	3	92

Table 25. Mental Health Diagnosis by Race and Gender (N=92)

Sex of Inmate	Mental Health Diagnosis	Race of Inmate			Total
		Black	White	Unknown	
Hispanic Female	Depressive Disorder No Other Symptom	1	0	0	1
	Psychotic Disorder No Other Symptom	0	0	0	0
	Mood Disorder No Other Symptom	0	0	0	0
	Bipolar Disorder	0	0	0	0
	Adjustment Disorder	0	0	0	0
Non-Hispanic Female	Depressive Disorder No Other Symptom	5	3	1	9
	Psychotic Disorder No Other Symptom	1	0	0	1
	Mood Disorder No Other Symptom	1	0	0	1
	Bipolar Disorder	0	1	0	1
	Adjustment Disorder	1	0	0	1
	Total Female	9	4	1	14
Hispanic Male	Depressive Disorder No Other Symptom	0	2	0	2
	Rule Out Bipolar Affective Disorder	0	1	0	1
Non-Hispanic Male	Substance Abuse Only	2	1	0	3
	Schizophrenia	2	1	0	3
	Adjustment Disorder with Anxiety	2	4	1	7
	Depressive Disorder No Other Symptom	11	21	1	33
	Psychotic Disorder No Other Symptom	1	3	0	4
	Anxiety Disorder	0	3	0	3
	Mood Disorder No Other Symptom	2	1	0	3
	Bipolar Disorder	0	3	0	3
	Adjustment Disorder	3	9	1	13
	Rule Out Schizophrenia	1	0	0	1
	Rule Out Bipolar Affective Disorder	1	0	0	1
	Generalized Anxiety Disorder	0	1	0	1
		Total Male	25	50	3
	Total Male and Female	34	54	4	92

Table 26. Substance Abuse Diagnosis by Race and Gender (N=92)

Sex of Inmate	Substance Abuse Diagnosis 1	Race of Inmate			Total
		Black	White	Unknown	
Female	None	1	0	1	2
	Polysubstance Dependence	6	2	0	8
	Alcohol Dependence	0	2	0	2
	Cocaine Dependence	2	0	0	2
	Total Female	9	4	1	14
Male	None	6	6	0	12
	Polysubstance Dependence	12	15	0	27
	Alcohol Dependence	2	15	2	19
	Cocaine Dependence	3	10	1	14
	Cocaine Abuse	2	1	0	3
	Opioid Dependence	0	3	0	3
	Total Male	25	50	3	78

Of the 92 cases reviewed, 64% (59) were treated with medication only and 21% (19) were treated with counseling and no medication. See table 27. 24% (22) of the 92 cases were sent to the mental health observation floors in the jail. See table 28.

For all Inmates seen by the mental health clinic, their length of stay in the jail was longer (118 days) than those inmates not seen by the clinic (104 days). See Table 29.

Table 27. Type of Treatment Received by Clinic (N=92)

	Frequency
Refused Treatment	1
Medication Management Only	59
Counseling Only	19
Both Medication Management and Counseling	10
No Treatment /DWI Facility Admission	1
Suicide Watch Only	1
Counseling Only--Refused Medications	1
Total	92
Missing	1792
Total	1884

Table 28. Type of Housing for Those with Mental Health Diagnosis (N=92)

	Frequency	Percent
General Population	69	3.7
Mental Observation	22	1.2
Medical	1	.1
Total	92	4.9
Missing Data	1791	95.1
Total	1884	100.0

Table 29. Number of Days in Custody for those Seen by the Mental Health Clinic (N=521)

Seen in MH Clinic for Current Stay	Mean	N
No	103.74	323
Yes	117.51	198
Total	108.97	521

Of the 92 cases reviewed, 21% (19) of the inmates were placed on suicide watch. See table 30. Of the 19 inmates on suicide watch 12 were in for one or two days. See Table 31. 59% (54) of the 92 cases reviewed were diagnosed with physical health problems in addition to their mental health disorder. See table 32.

Table 30. Placed On Suicide Watch During Incarceration (N=92)

	Frequency	Percent
No	73	79
Yes	19	21
Total	92	100

Table 31. Number of Days on Suicide Watch for Inmates (N=19)

Number of Days on Suicide Watch	Frequency
1	7
2	5
3	1
4	1
6	1
15	1
32	1
55	1
63	1
Total	19

Table 32. Other Medical Conditions for those Seen by Mental Health Clinic (N=92)

	Frequency	Percent
None	38	41
Hypertension	13	14
Hepatitis C	10	11
Seizure Disorder	6	7
hospital treatment for assault	1	1
Hepatitis A	1	1
Traumatic Brain Injury	1	1
Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease	3	3
Blindness Due to Glaucoma	1	1
Asthma	9	10
Diabetes	2	2
Chronic Pain	4	5
Lyme's Disease	1	1
Glaucoma	1	1
Hepatitis B	1	1
Total	92	100
Data Missing	1792	95.1
Total	1884	100.0

4.2.11 Gang Affiliation

19% (354) of all inmates were identified as being affiliated with a gang. 68% (242) of those identified were in pre-trial status. 59% (209) of gang affiliated inmates were in pre-trial felony status and 9% (33) were misdemeanor status. See table 34. 20% of all male inmates were identified as gang affiliated and 9% of all female inmates were identified as gang affiliated. See table 35.

Table 33. Identified As Affiliated with a Gang (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
No	1530	81.2
Yes	354	18.8
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 15. Gang Affiliation of Inmates (N=1884)

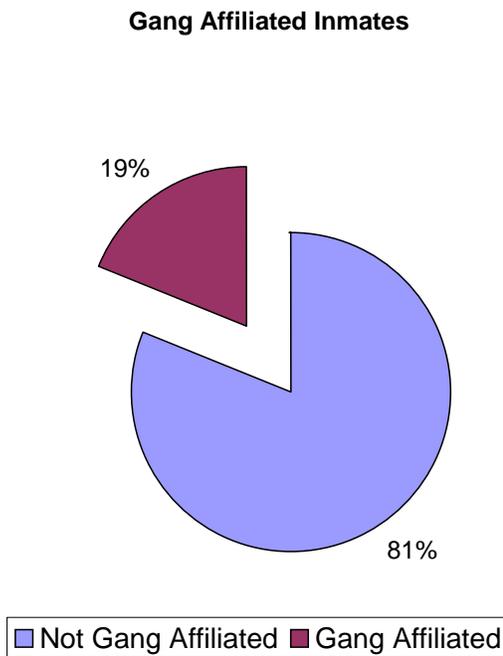


Table 34. Inmate Status and Gang Affiliation (N=1884)

	Gang Affiliation		Total
	No	Yes	
Sentenced Ready for DOCS	25(86.2%)	4(13.8%)	29(100%)
Sentenced to County Time	498(84.8%)	89(15.2%)	587(100%)
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	12(100%)	0(0%)	12 (100%)
NYS Parole Violator	67(84.8%)	12(15.2%)	79(100%)
Writs to SCCF	28(82.4%)	6(17.6%)	34(100%)
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	224(87.2%)	33(12.8%)	257(100%)
Pre-trial Felony	636(75.3%)	209(24.7%)	845(100%)
With Other Charges	3(75%)	1(25%)	4(100%)
Unknown	37(100%)	0(0%)	37(100%)
Total	1530(81.2%)	354(18.8%)	1884(100%)

Table 35. Gender of Inmate and Gang Affiliation (N=1884)

	Gang Affiliation		Total
	No	Yes	
Female	165 (91.2%)	16(8.8%)	181(100%)
Male	1365(80.2%)	338(19.8%)	1703(100%)
Total	1530(81.2%)	354(18.8%)	1884(100%)

Gang affiliated inmates spent an average of 119 days in custody while non gang affiliated inmates spent an average of 106 days in custody. See Table 36. 30% (234) of all Black inmates were identified as gang affiliated while 11% (114) of all White inmates were identified as gang affiliated. 21% (83) of Hispanic inmates were identified as gang affiliated while 19% (265) of non Hispanic inmates were identified as gang affiliated. See tables 37. and 38.

50% (50) of all inmates ages 16 to 18 were identified as gang affiliated and 40% (88) of inmates ages 19 to 21 were identified as gang affiliated. See table 39.

Table 36. Gang Affiliation and Length of Stay (N=1884)

gang affiliation	Mean	N
No	105.85	1477
Yes	119.10	354
Total	108.42	1831

Table 37. Race of Inmate and Gang Affiliation (N=1884)

	Gang Affiliation		Total
	No	Yes	
Asian	3(100%)	0(0%)	3(100%)
Black	541(69.8%)	234(30.2%)	775(100%)
Unknown	80(93%)	6(7%)	86(100%)
White	906(88.8%)	114(11.2%)	1020(100%)
Total	1530(81.2%)	354(18.8%)	1884(100%)

Table 38. Ethnicity (Hispanic) and Gang Affiliation (N=1884)

	Gang Affiliation		Total
	No	Yes	
Hispanic	320 (79.4%)	83(20.6%)	403(100%)
Non-Hispanic	1122(80.9%)	265(19.1%)	1387(100%)
Unknown	88(93.6%)	6 (6.4%)	94(100%)
Total	1530(81.2%)	354(18.8%)	1884(100%)

Table 39. Age Group and Gang Affiliation (N=1884)

	gang affiliation		Total
	No	Yes	
16-18 years old	50 (50%)	50(50%)	100(100%)
19-21 years old	134(60.4%)	88(39.6%)	222(100%)
22-30 years old	437(74.4%)	150(25.6%)	587(100%)
31-40 years old	422(90.2%)	46(9.8%)	468(100%)
41-50 years old	376(95.4%)	18(4.6%)	394(100%)
51-60 years old	98(98%)	2(2%)	100(100%)
60+ years old	13(100%)	0(0%)	13(100%)
Total	1530(81.2%)	354(18.8%)	1884(100%)

4.3 Distribution of Offenses

4.3.1 Primary Offense Held On

Inmates are held in jail on a primary offense and many inmates have additional offenses connected to their primary offense. The primary offense is used for analysis in this report while all other offenses are listed as other charges. Offenses are categorized according to the type of offense as defined by the NYS Division of Criminal Justice Services. In this section, all analyses were done using the categories of offenses. The specific offenses of all inmates are listed in Appendix 1. The Appendix lists every offense for each inmate under each of the offense categories.

Nine categories of offenses are listed. Drug and DWI/alcohol offenses account for about one third (34%) of all offenses. The drug category includes drug possession and drug sale charges. Drug charges alone account for 23% of all charges. Of the 425 drug charges, 51% (219) were possession charges and 49% (206) were criminal sale charges.

Violent charges accounted for 22% of all charges and property charges accounted for 14% of all charges. See Table 40. and Chart 16. Violent sex offenses are included in the violent offense category and sex offenses defined as non violent are listed under the sex offense category.

Appendix 4.1 lists each individual offense according to the category of offense. 49% (921) of all inmates had other offenses connected to their primary offense. See table 41. The number of additional offenses according to inmate status is shown in Table 42.

Table 40. Category of Offense (N=1884)

category of offense	Frequency	Percent
Drug	425	22.6
Violent	408	21.7
Property	272	14.4
DWI/Alcohol	217	11.5
Assaults	173	9.2
Other	155	8.2
Violations	152	8.1
VTL 511	55	2.9
Sex Offenses	27	1.4
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 16. Category of Offenses for Total Jail Population (N=1884)

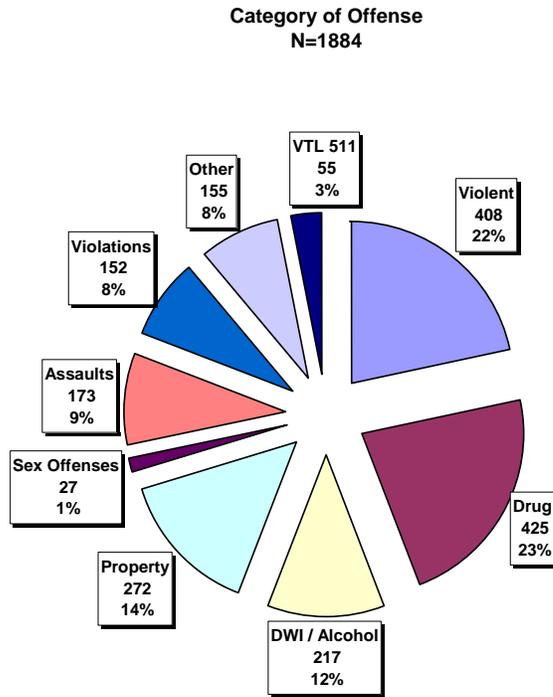


Table 41. Additional Offenses Connected to Primary Offense (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
One Offense	963	51.1
2-4 Offense	612	32.5
5-7 Offense	179	9.5
7 or more Offenses	94	5.0
Unknown	36	1.9
Total	1884	100.0

Table 42. Inmate Status and Additional Offenses Connected to Primary Offense (N=1848)

		One Offense	2-4 Offense	5-7 Offense	7 or more Offenses	Total
Sentenced Ready for DOCS	Count	22	5	0	2	29
	% of Total	1.2%	.3%	.0%	.1%	1.6%
Sentenced to County Time	Count	335	207	38	7	587
	% of Total	18.1%	11.2%	2.1%	.4%	31.8%
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	Count	11	1	0	0	12
	% of Total	.6%	.1%	.0%	.0%	.6%
NYS Parole Violator	Count	74	5	0	0	79
	% of Total	4.0%	.3%	.0%	.0%	4.3%
Writs to SCCF	Count	28	5	1	0	34
	% of Total	1.5%	.3%	.1%	.0%	1.8%
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	Count	115	89	35	18	257
	% of Total	6.2%	4.8%	1.9%	1.0%	13.9%
Pre-trial Felony	Count	374	299	105	67	845
	% of Total	20.2%	16.2%	5.7%	3.6%	45.7%
With Other Charges	Count	4	0	0	0	4
	% of Total	.2%	.0%	.0%	.0%	.2%
unknown	Count	0	1	0	0	1
	% of Total	.0%	.1%	.0%	.0%	.1%
Total	Count	963	612	179	94	1848
	% of Total	52.1%	33.1%	9.7%	5.1%	100.0%

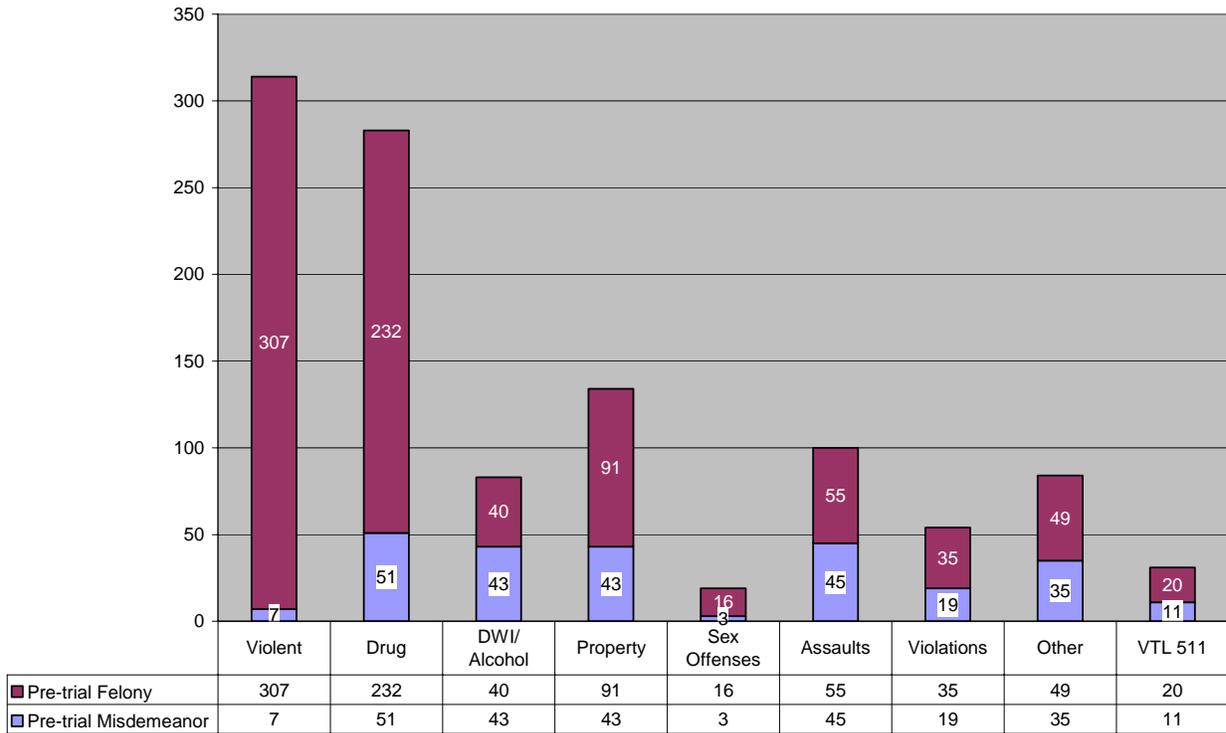
64% (539) of the pre-trial felony inmates were being held on either violent or drug offense charges. 61% (360) of the sentenced inmates had either drug and/or alcohol offenses or property offenses. See table 43. and chart 17.

Table 43. Inmate Status and Category of Offense (N=1884)

	Violent	Drug	DWI/Alco hol	Property	Sex Offenses	Assaults	Violations	Other	VTL 511	Total
Sentenced ready for DOCS	6	10	1	8	0	2	0	2	0	29
Sentenced to County Time	55	115	131	114	6	67	16	60	23	587
Sentenced county time by family court	0	1	0	1	0	0	9	1	0	12
NYS parole violator	6	7	0	3	0	2	57	4	0	79
Writ to SCCF	12	3	0	4	0	1	12	2	0	34
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	7	51	43	43	3	45	19	35	11	257
Pre-trial Felony	307	232	40	91	16	55	35	49	20	845
With other charges	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4
unknown	13	6	2	8	2	1	3	1	1	37
Total	408	425	217	272	27	173	152	155	55	1884

Chart 17. Pre-trial Inmates and Category of Offense (N=1102)

Number of Pre-trial Inmates By Category of Offense



The categories of offenses according to inmate age groups are shown in Table 44. The categories of offenses according to gender are shown in Chart 18. The categories of offenses according to inmate race are shown in Chart 19. and the categories of offenses by gang affiliation are shown in Chart 20.

Table 44. Offense Category and Age Category (N=1884)

category of offense	Age Category							Total
	16-18 years old	19-21 years old	22-30 years old	31-40 years old	41-50 years old	51-60 years old	60+ years old	
Violent	49 (2.6%)	92 (4.9%)	122(6.5%)	78(4.1%)	48(2.5%)	18(1.0%)	1(.1%)	408(21.7%)
Drug	12(.6%)	50(2.7%)	152(8.1%)	90(4.8%)	97(5.1%)	21(1.1%)	3(.2%)	425(22.6%)
DWI/ Alcohol	2(.1%)	5(.3%)	70(3.7%)	61(3.2%)	60(3.2%)	16(.8%)	3(.2%)	217(11.5%)
Property	14(.7%)	24(1.3%)	76(4.0%)	86(4.6%)	57(3.0%)	13(.7%)	2(.1%)	272(14.4%)
Sex Offenses	1(.1%)	3(.2%)	9(.5%)	10(.5%)	4(.2%)	0(.0%)	0(.0%)	27(1.4%)
Assaults	3(.2%)	17(.9%)	57(3.0%)	44(2.3%)	41(2.2%)	8(.4%)	3(.2%)	173(9.2%)
Violations	4(.2%)	14(.7%)	34(1.8%)	43(2.3%)	49(2.6%)	8(.4%)	0(.0%)	152(8.1%)
Other	15(.8%)	16(.8%)	48(2.5%)	37(2.0%)	26(1.4%)	12(.6%)	1(.1%)	155(8.2%)
VTL 511	0(.0%)	1(.1%)	19(1.0%)	19(1.0%)	12(.6%)	4(.2%)	0(.0%)	55(2.9%)
Total	100 (5.3%)	222 (11.8%)	587 (31.2%)	468 (24.8%)	394 (20.9%)	100 (5.3%)	13 (.7%)	1884 (100.0%)

Chart 18. Category of Offenses and Gender of Inmate (N=1884)

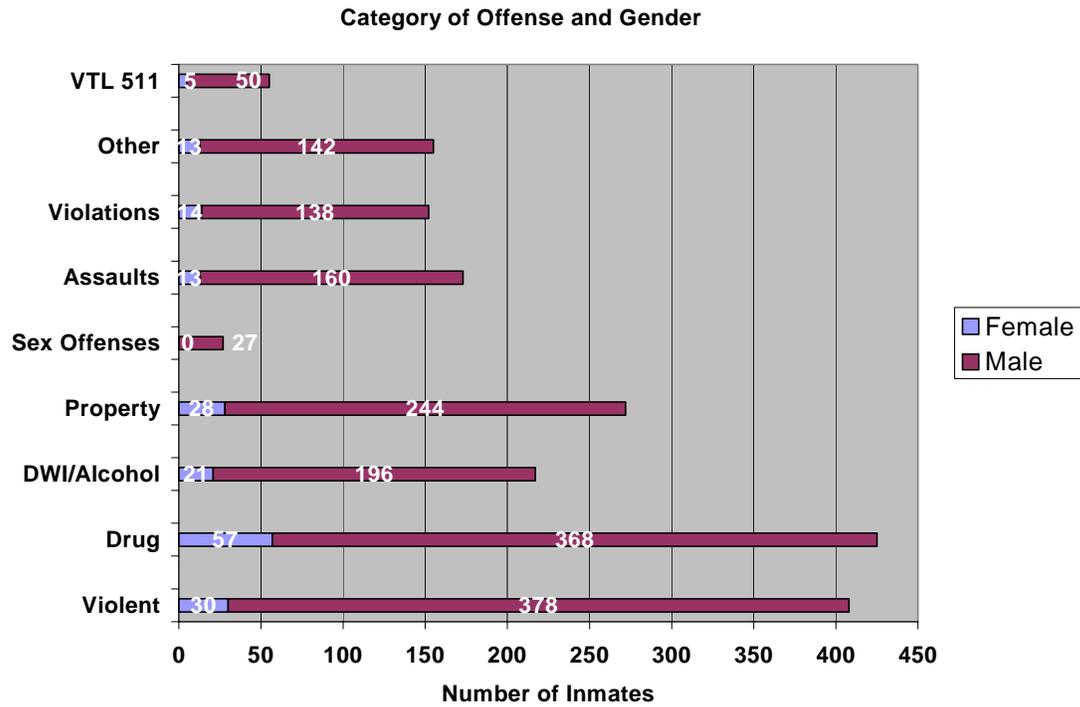


Chart 19. Category of Offense and Race of Inmate (N=1884)

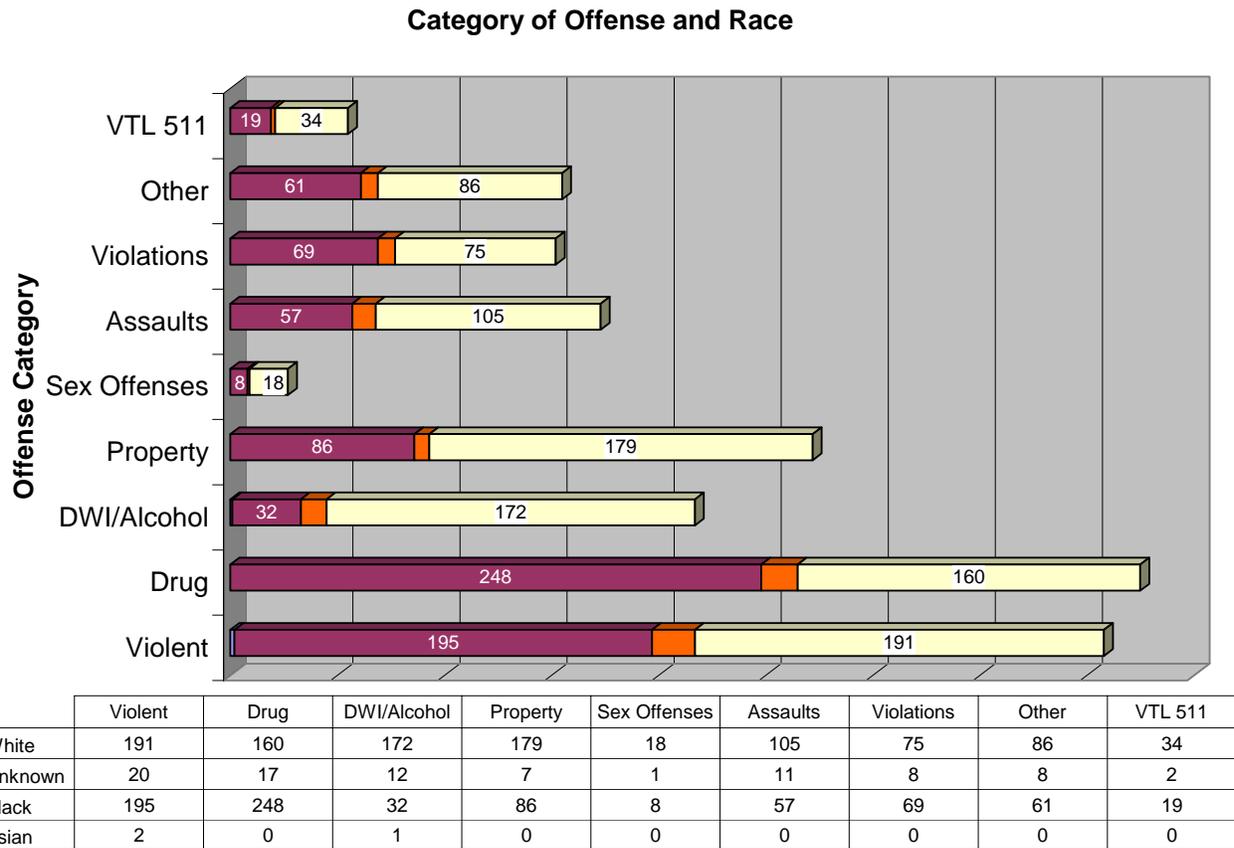
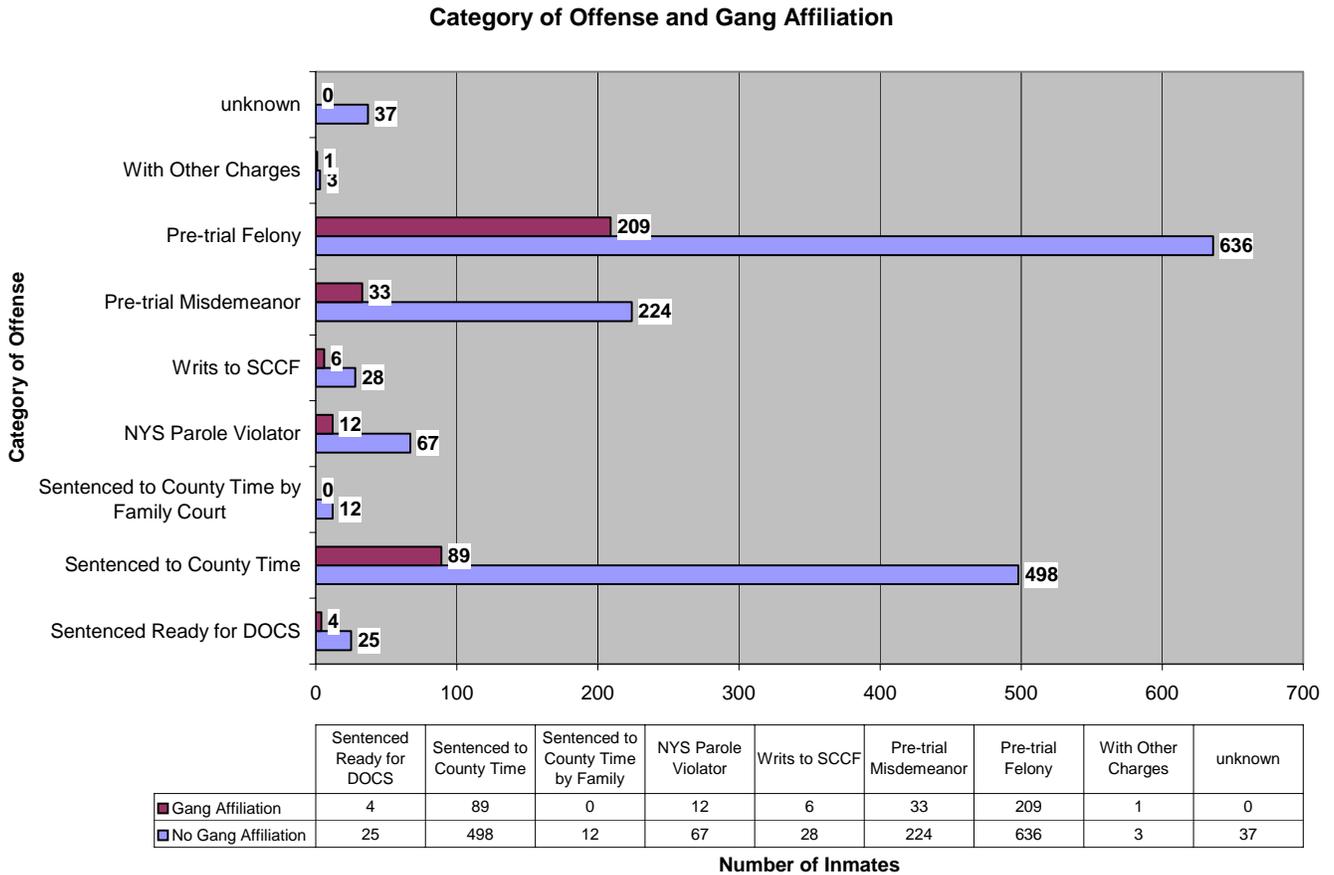


Chart 20. Category of Offense and Gang Affiliation (N=1884)



4.3.2 Court of Authority

84% (1580) of all inmates were referred to the jail from the Suffolk County District and County Courts. See table 45 below. Table 46 shows the distribution of inmates according to their status and charge category by each Court of Authority. Chart 21 shows the court of authority for the pre-trial population.

Table 45. Category of Offense and Court or Authority (N=1884)

	County Court	District Court	Town or Village	Other	Total
Violent	101	271	27	9	408
Drug	146	224	42	13	425
DWI/Alcohol	46	141	24	6	217
Property	40	198	27	7	272
Sex Offenses	8	19	0	0	27
Assaults	14	137	13	9	173
Violations	39	21	1	91	152
Other	39	88	24	4	155
VTL 511	7	41	5	2	55
Total	440	1140	163	141	1884

Table 46. Inmate Status and Court or Authority (N=1884)

Offense	Inmate Status	County Court	District Court	Town or Village	Other	Total
Violent	Sentenced Ready for DOCS	3	1	0	2	6
	Sentenced to County Time	39	14	2	0	55
	NYS Parole Violator	0	6	0	0	6
	Writs to SCCF	8	1	0	3	12
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	1	6	0	0	7
	Pre-trial Felony	49	231	23	4	307
	With Other Charges	0	2	0	0	2
	unknown	1	10	2	0	13
			101	271	27	9
Drug	Sentenced Ready for DOCS	5	3	1	1	10
	Sentenced to County Time	65	41	6	3	115
	Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	1	0	0	0	1
	NYS Parole Violator	1	5	1	0	7
	Writs to SCCF	3	0	0	0	3
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	3	37	7	4	51
	Pre-trial Felony	65	135	27	5	232
	unknown	3	3	0	0	6
			146	224	42	13
DWI/Alcohol	Sentenced Ready for DOCS	0	1	0	0	1
	Sentenced to County Time	36	77	12	6	131
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	0	35	8	0	43
	Pre-trial Felony	10	26	4	0	40
	unknown	0	2	0	0	2
			46	141	24	6
Property	Sentenced Ready for DOCS	4	3	0	1	8
	Sentenced to County Time	19	83	10	2	114
	Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	0	1	0	0	1
	NYS Parole Violator	1	2	0	0	3
	Writs to SCCF	3	0	0	1	4
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	0	36	6	1	43
	Pre-trial Felony	10	69	10	2	91
	unknown	3	4	1	0	8
		40	198	27	7	272

Table 46. Continued

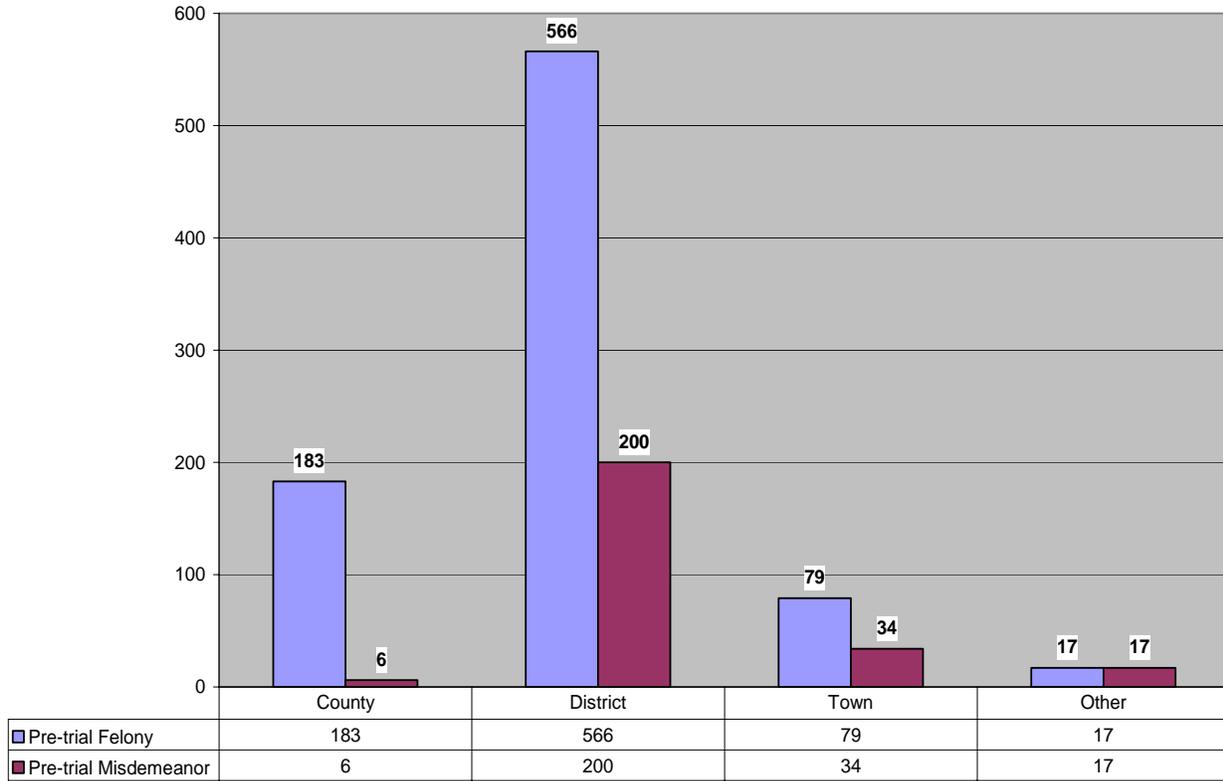
Offense	Inmate Status	County Court	District Court	Town or Village	Other	Total
Sex Offenses	Sentenced to County Time	4	2	0	0	6
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	0	3	0	0	3
	Pre-trial Felony	3	13	0	0	16
	unknown	1	1	0	0	2
		8	19	0	0	27
Assaults	Sentenced Ready for DOCS	1	1	0	0	2
	Sentenced to County Time	5	53	5	4	67
	NYS Parole Violator	0	2	0	0	2
	Writs to SCCF	0	1	0	0	1
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	0	38	5	2	45
	Pre-trial Felony	7	42	3	3	55
	unknown	1	0	0	0	1
		14	137	13	9	173
Violations	Sentenced to County Time	5	2	0	9	16
	Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	1	3	0	5	9
	NYS Parole Violator	0	0	0	57	57
	Writs to SCCF	6	0	0	6	12
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	1	10	0	8	19
	Pre-trial Felony	26	6	0	3	35
	With Other Charges	0	0	0	1	1
	unknown	0	0	1	2	3
		39	21	1	91	152

Table 46. Continued

Offense	Inmate Status	County Court	District Court	Town or Village	Other	Total
Other	Sentenced Ready for DOCS	1	1	0	0	2
	Sentenced to County Time	25	27	5	3	60
	Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	0	1	0	0	1
	NYS Parole Violator	0	1	3	0	4
	Writs to SCCF	1	1	0	0	2
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	0	28	6	1	35
	Pre-trial Felony	12	28	9	0	49
	With Other Charges	0	1	0	0	1
	unknown	0	0	1	0	1
			39	88	24	4
VTL 511	Sentenced to County Time	5	17	0	1	23
	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	1	7	2	1	11
	Pre-trial Felony	1	16	3	0	20
	unknown	0	1	0	0	1
			7	41	5	2

Chart 21. Pre-trial Inmates Status and Court of Authority (N=1102)

Number of Pre-trial Inmates and Court of Authority



4.4 Incarceration History

72% (1,321) of all inmates in the Suffolk County jail were in the jail at least one time in their past either serving a sentenced on an offense or, being held pre-trial on an offense. See Table 47.

40% (738) of all inmates in the jail have been in the jail at least one time in their past, serving a sentence on an offense. See Table 48. and Chart 23. This is slightly lower than the national average of prior incarcerations for jail inmates. Nationally, 58% of all jail inmates report having been sentenced to incarceration at least one time in their past⁴.

Tables 49, 50, and Chart 23, show the number of prior incarcerations for all pre-trial offenses.

4.4.1 Prior Jail History

Table 47. Number of Prior Times in Jail for a Sentence or Pre-trial on a Charge (N=1829)

Inmate Status		No Prior Stays	1-3 Times	4-6 Times	More than 6 times	Total
Sentenced Ready for DOCS	Count	1	5	7	11	24
	% of Total	.1%	.3%	.4%	.6%	1.3%
Sentenced to County Time	Count	151	155	88	174	568
	% of Total	8.3%	8.5%	4.8%	9.5%	31.1%
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	Count	3	2	3	3	11
	% of Total	.2%	.1%	.2%	.2%	.6%
NYS Parole Violator	Count	13	8	8	47	76
	% of Total	.7%	.4%	.4%	2.6%	4.2%
Writs to SCCF	Count	7	9	7	8	31
	% of Total	.4%	.5%	.4%	.4%	1.7%
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	Count	66	55	41	85	247
	% of Total	3.6%	3.0%	2.2%	4.6%	13.5%
Pre-trial Felony	Count	254	211	133	234	832
	% of Total	13.9%	11.5%	7.3%	12.8%	45.5%
With Other Charges	Count	0	2	1	0	3
	% of Total	.0%	.1%	.1%	.0%	.2%
unknown	Count	13	7	6	11	37
	% of Total	.7%	.4%	.3%	.6%	2.0%
Total	Count	508	454	294	573	1829
	% of Total	27.8%	24.8%	16.1%	31.3%	100.0%

⁴ James, Doris, Profile of Jail Inmates, 2002 (revised 10/12/04), Bureau of Justice Statistics, US Department of Justice, July 2004.

Table 48. Prior Time in Suffolk Jail serving a sentence on a Charge (N=1848)

	Frequency	Percent
No prior sentenced time	1110	58.9
1-3 times for a sentence on a charge	501	26.6
4-6 times for a sentence on a charge	143	7.6
more than 6 times for a sentence on a charge	94	5.0
Total	1848	98.1
Missing Data	36	1.9
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 22. Prior Time in Jail for a Sentence on a Charge (N=1884)

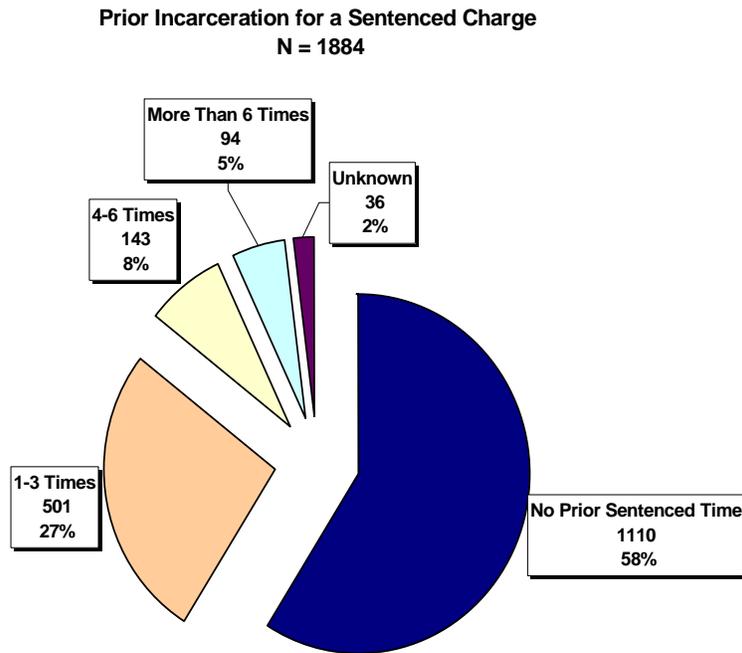


Table 49. Prior Time in Suffolk Jail for a Pre-trial Felony Charge (N=1848)

	Frequency	Percent
No prior pre-trial felony charge time	829	44.0
1-3 times for a felony charge	735	39.0
4-6 times for a felony charge	203	10.8
more than 6 times for a felony charge	81	4.3
Total	1848	98.1
Data Missing	36	1.9
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 23. Prior Time in Jail for a Pre-trial Felony Charge (N=1884)

Prior Time in Suffolk Jail for a Pre-trial Felony Charge
N = 1884

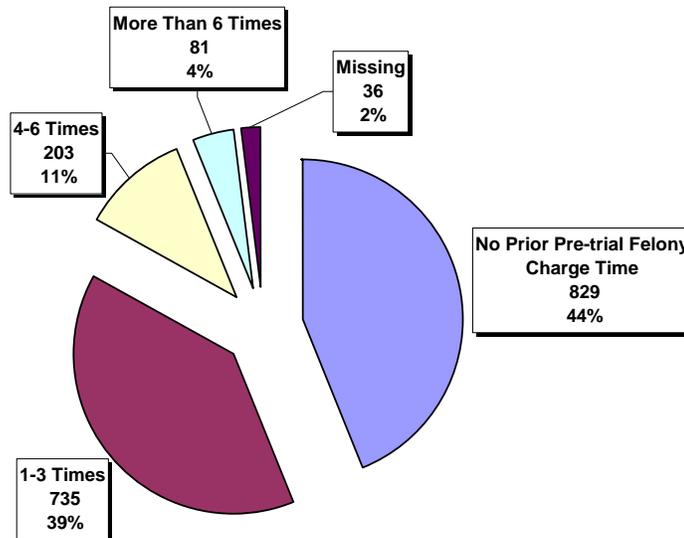


Table 50. Prior Time in Suffolk Jail for a Pre-trial Misdemeanor Charge

	Frequency	Percent
No prior pre-trial misdemeanor time	976	51.8
1-3 times for a misdemeanor charge	576	30.6
4-6 times for a misdemeanor charge	170	9.0
more than 6 times for a misdemeanor charge	126	6.7
Total	1848	98.1
Data Missing	36	1.9
Total	1884	100.0

4.4.2 Days in Custody

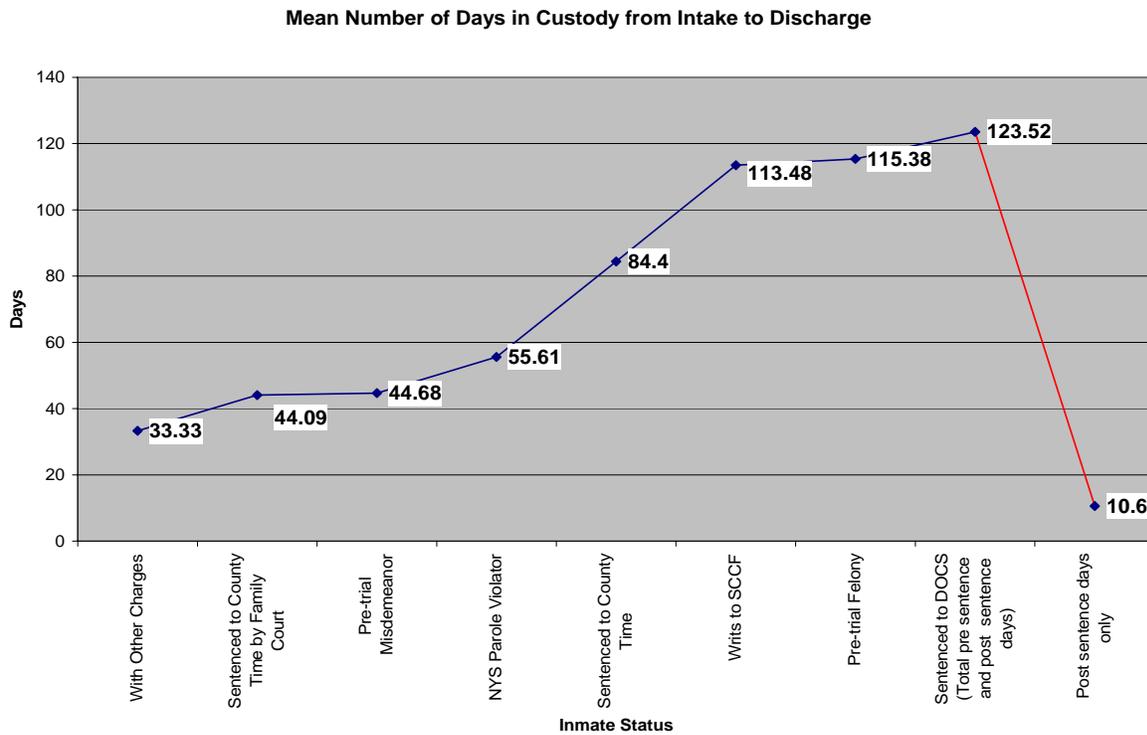
From Intake to Discharge

Inmates spent an average of 93 days in custody. This is based upon the number of days in custody from the date of intake to the scheduled date of discharge. Inmates sentenced to the Department of Corrections spent an average of 123 in custody from the date of intake to the date they were transferred to DOCS. This includes their pre-trial and post-sentence time combined. The inmates sentenced to DOCS spent an average of 10.6 days in the Suffolk County Jail before being transported to DOCS. Pre-trial felony inmates spent an average of 115 days in custody from intake to discharge. See table 51. and chart 24.

Table 51. Number of Days from Intake to Discharge for Current Stay (N=1794)

Inmate Status	Mean	N
Sentenced to DOCS (<i>Total pre sentence and post sentence days</i>)	123.52	27
<i>Post sentence days only</i>	10.6	
Sentenced to County Time	84.40	568
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	44.09	11
NYS Parole Violator	55.61	76
Writs to SCCF	113.48	31
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	44.68	247
Pre-trial Felony	115.38	833
With Other Charges	33.33	3
Total	92.82	1796
Data Missing		90
Total	100.00	1884

Chart 24. Mean Number of Days in Custody from Intake to Discharge (N=1796)



Days in Custody from Intake to Date of Study

The average number of days in custody from the date of intake to the date of the study (10/25/07) was 108 days. This was calculated based upon the date each inmate entered the jail to the date of data collection (10/25/07).

Inmates in pre-trial felony status spent an average of 119 days in custody while inmates in pre-trial misdemeanor status spent an average of 51 days in custody. Sentenced inmates spent an average of 110 days in custody. Inmates with other charges attached to their current charge spent an average of 368 days in custody while inmates sentenced to DOCS spent an average of 269 days in custody. See table 52. and charts 25. and 26.

Table 52. Inmate Status and Number of Days in Custody (N=1794)

Inmate Status	Mean	N
Sentenced Ready for DOCS*	268.60	25
Sentenced to County Time	109.68	568
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	130.36	11
NYS Parole Violator	71.72	76
Writs to SCCF	169.77	31
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	51.36	247
Pre-trial Felony	118.58	833
With Other Charges	367.67	3
Total	107.99	1794
Data Missing		90
Total	100.00	1884

* The mean number of days in jail includes pre-trial and post sentencing. Once the inmate is sentenced to DOCS, they are transferred to a DOCS facility in an average of 10.6 days.

Chart 25. Mean Number of Days in Custody for the Total Jail Population (N=1884)

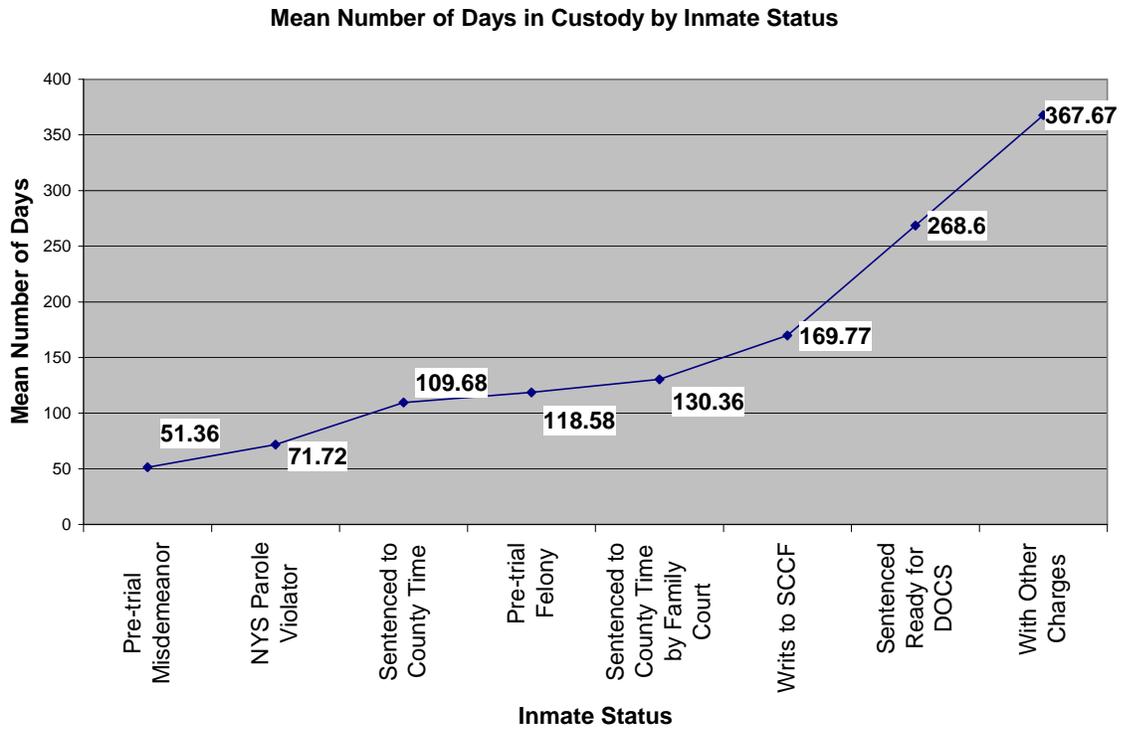
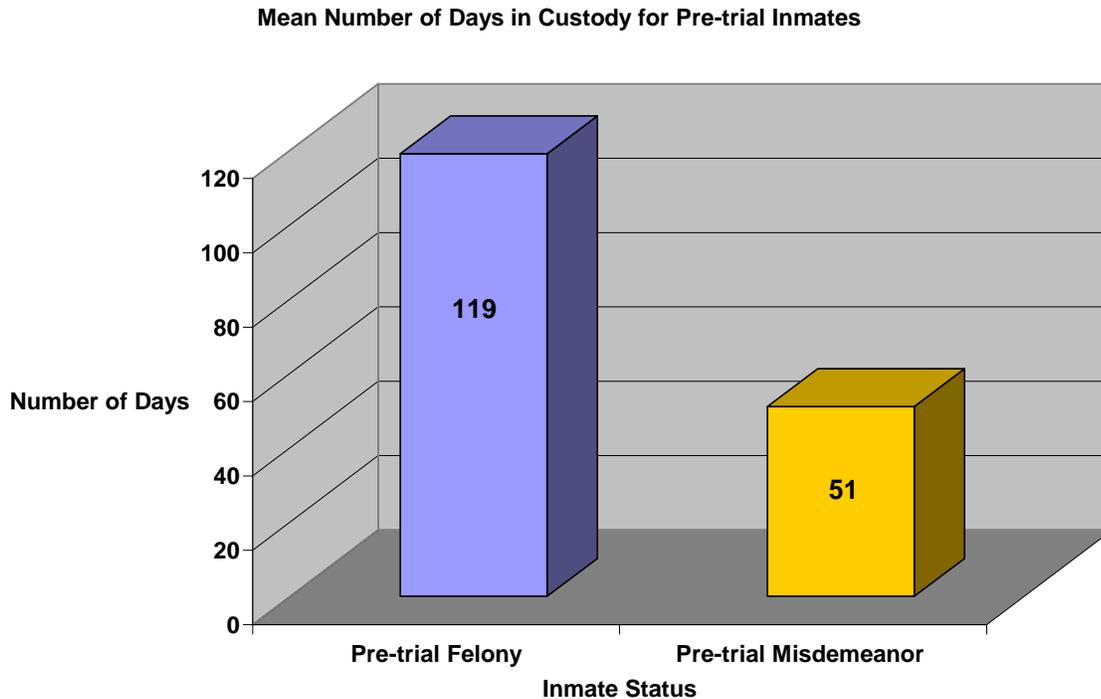


Chart 26. Mean Number of Days in Custody for Pre-trial Inmates (N=1102)



From the date of intake to the date of the study, 31% (572) of all inmates spent less than 30 days in jail. Another 31% (564) spent between 31 and 90 days in jail and 38% spent more than 90 days in jail. See table 53. and chart 27. Table 54. shows the number of days in custody from date of intake to date of study for all inmates according their status.

Table 53. Number of Days in Custody for Total Jail Population (N=1848)

	Frequency	Percent
< 30 days	572	31.0
31-90 days	564	31.0
91-120 days	176	9.5
121-180 days	210	11.3
181-365 days	244	13.2
366-720 days	58	3.0
> 720 days	24	1.0
Total	1848	100.0

Chart 27. Number of Days in Custody for Total Jail Population

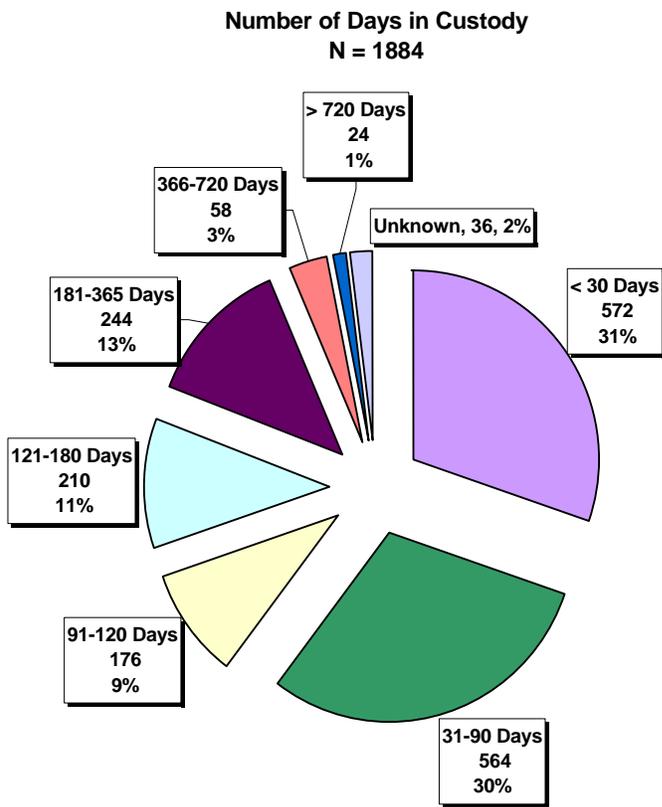


Table 54. Inmate Status and Number of Days in Custody (N=1847)

	< 30 days	31-90 days	91-120 days	121-180 days	181-365 days	366-720 days	> 720 days	Un- known	Total
Sentenced Ready for DOCS	4	4	1	8	4	2	6	0	29
Sentenced to County Time	128	220	68	78	76	13	4	0	587
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	6	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	12
NYS Parole Violator	43	13	3	1	6	7	6	0	79
Writs to SCCF	18	7	0	2	3	3	1	0	34
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	157	66	9	8	15	1	1	0	257
Pre-trial Felony	216	249	94	111	138	31	6	0	845
With Other Charges	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	4
Missing Data	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	36	37
Total	572	564	176	210	244	58	24	36	1884

Black inmates spent an average of 117 days in custody while white inmates spent an average of 101 days in custody. Hispanic inmates spent an average of 110 days in custody while non-Hispanic inmates spent an average of 106 days in custody. Female inmates spent an average of 100 days in custody while males spent an average of 109 days in custody. See Table 55.

Table 55. Number of Days in Custody by Race, Gender, and Ethnicity (N=1831)

	Mean Number of Days in Custody	Number
Race		
Asian	91.00	3
Black	117.41	775
Unknown	137.09	33
White	100.71	1020
Gender		
Male	109.32	1656
Female	99.85	175
Ethnicity		
Hispanic	110.37	403
Non-Hispanic	105.76	1387
Missing Data		53
Total	108.42	1831

4.4.3 Length of Sentence

Of the 1884 inmates, 33% (627) were sentenced to serve time in the county jail. 64% of sentenced inmates were serving terms exceeding 180 days. Of the 586 sentenced inmates, 23% (146) were sentenced to 365 days – the largest number in any category. 37 inmates served in excess of 720 days. See table 56. and chart 28. 60% (381) of sentenced inmates were sentenced for drug, alcohol, or property crimes. Seven (7) inmates with VTL 511 charges served a 365 day sentence. See table 57.

Table 56. Length of Sentence in Days by Inmate Status for Sentenced Population (N=627)

	Sentenced Ready for DOCS	Sentenced to County Time	Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	Total
less than 30 days	0	8	0	8
30 days	0	26	0	26
31-59 days	0	3	1	4
60 days	0	51	4	55
61-89 days	0	7	0	7
90 days	0	40	3	43
91-119 days	0	1	0	1
120 days	0	51	1	52
121-179 days	0	23	1	24
180 days	0	104	2	106
181-364 days	0	106	0	106
365 days	0	146	0	146
366 - 719 days	0	12	0	12
More than 720 days	29	8	0	37
Total	29	586	12	627

Chart 28. Length of Sentence for Sentenced Population (N=627)

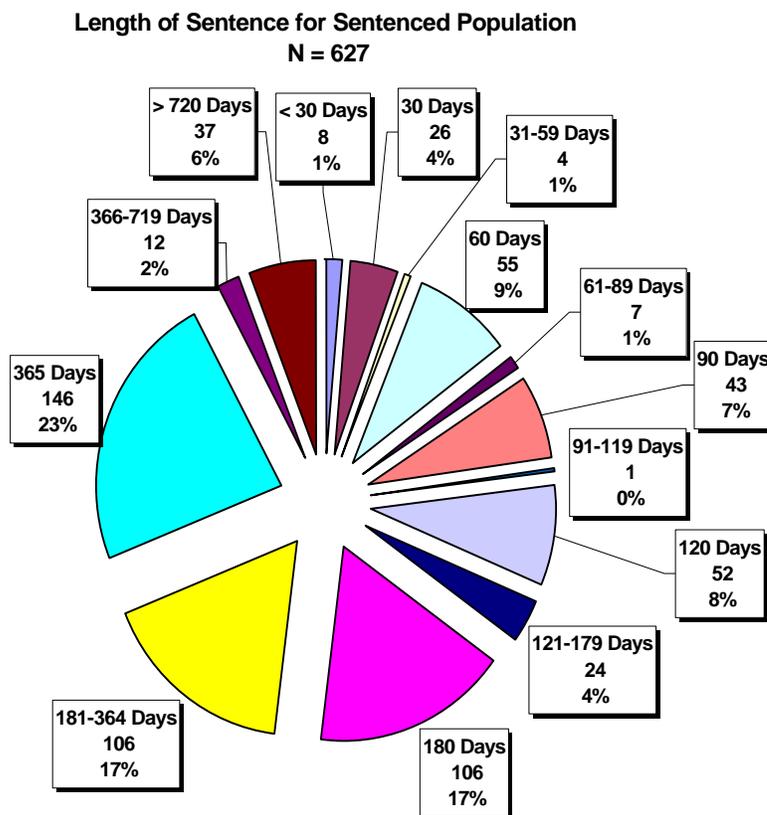


Table 57. Length of Sentence in Days by Category of Offense for Sentenced Population (N=627)

	Violent	Drug	DWI Alcohol	Property	Sex Offenses	Assaults	Violations	Other	VTL 511	Total
< 30 days	0	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	8
30 days	0	7	3	5	0	2	4	5	0	26
31-59 days	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
60 days	1	10	21	9	0	5	3	5	1	55
61-89 days	0	1	1	1	0	2	0	2	0	7
90 days	1	6	5	8	1	11	3	5	3	43
91-119 days	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
120 days	3	11	14	9	0	7	2	2	4	52
121-179 days	1	4	5	4	0	4	1	3	2	24
180 days	9	10	33	24	2	8	2	16	2	106
181-364 days	10	18	20	31	1	14	4	6	2	106
365 days	24	39	26	19	2	10	5	14	7	146
366-719 days	3	4	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	12
> 720 days	9	12	2	9	0	3	0	2	0	37
Total	61	126	132	123	6	69	25	62	23	627

4.4.4 Holds Impeding Release

18% (343) of all inmates had holds issued against them that would prevent their release. Of those inmates with holds, 71% (244) were pre-trial inmates. See tables 58. and 59. Table 60. shows the number of days in custody for all inmates with holds.

Table 58. Holds Issued preventing Release (N=1884)

	Frequency	Percent
None	1541	81.8
Yes	343	18.2
Total	1884	100.0

Table 59. Inmate Status by Holds Issued Preventing Release (N=343)

	Holds Issued preventing Release
Sentenced Ready for DOCS	2
Sentenced to County Time	76
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	2
NYS Parole Violator	5
Writs to SCCF	12
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	57
Pre-trial Felony	187
With Other Charges	2
unknown	0
Total	343

Table 60. Days in Custody and Inmate Status for those with Holds (N=343)

	< 30 days	31-90 days	91-120 days	121- 180 days	181- 365 days	366- 720 days	> 720 days	Total
Sentenced Ready for DOCS	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
Sentenced to County Time	7	27	12	16	14	0	0	76
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
NYS Parole Violator	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	5
Writs to SCCF	8	3	0	1	0	0	0	12
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	37	14	0	2	3	0	1	57
Pre-trial Felony	33	43	34	25	38	11	3	187
With Other Charges	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
Total	88	89	46	45	58	12	5	343

4.4.5 Bail

48% (912) of all inmates received bail. See table 61 and Chart 29. Bail amounts ranged from \$25 to over \$500,000. 51% of inmates receiving bail were given bail amounts of \$20,000 or more. 9% of inmates receiving bail were given bail amounts of less than \$1,000. See Table 62.

Table 63. and Chart 30. show the distribution of bail amounts for pre-trial inmates. Table 64. shows the bail amounts for inmates according to their status.

The specific bail amounts, according to each inmate offense, are listed in Appendix 4.2.

Table 61. Received Bail

	Frequency	Percent
Yes	912	48.4
No	934	49.5
Unknown	38	2.1
Total	1884	100.0

Chart 29. Bail Received for Total Jail Population (N=1884)

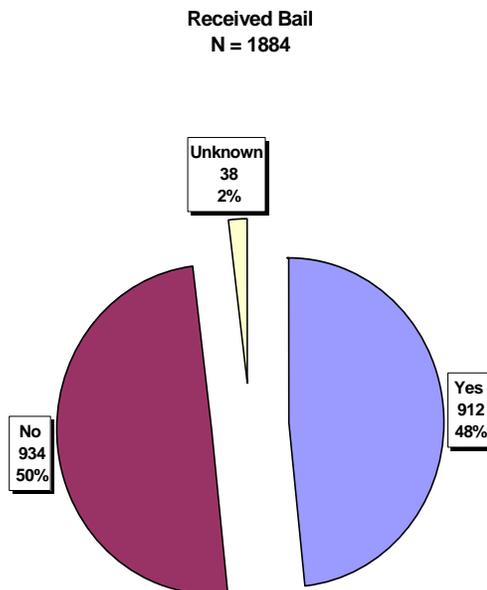


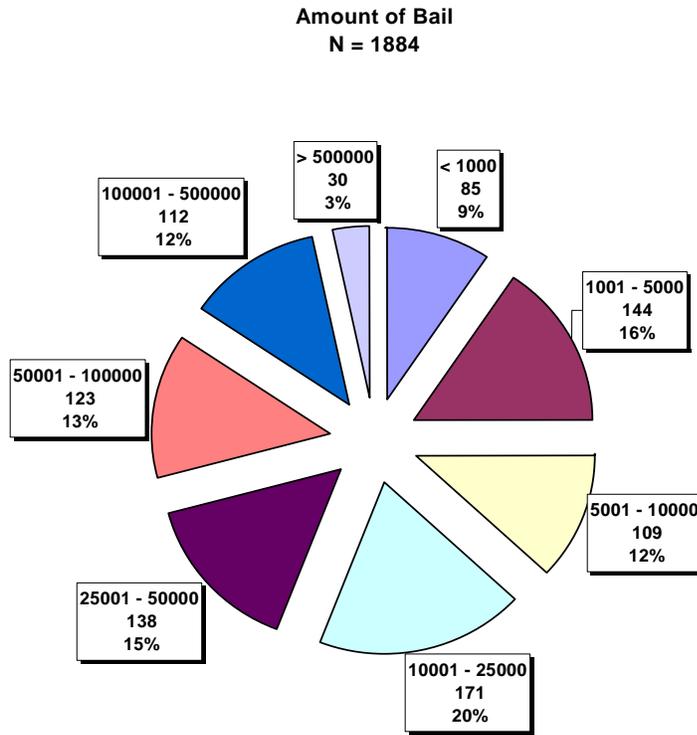
Table 62. Amount of Bail for All Inmates (N=905)

	Frequency	Percent
25-500	48	5.5
501-1000	37	4
1001-1500	22	2.5
1501-2500	46	5
2501-5000	76	8
5001-7500	37	4
7501-15000	133	15
15001-20000	43	5
20000 or more	463	51
Total	905	100
No Bail	942	
Total	1847	100.0

Table 63. Amount of Bail for Pre-trial Inmates (N=905)

	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	Pre-trial Felony	Pre-trial Total	Percent of Pre- trial
25-500	38	9	48	5%
501-1000	28	8	37	4%
1001-1500	18	4	22	2%
1501-2500	30	15	46	5%
2501-5000	34	41	76	8%
5001-7500	17	18	37	4%
7501-15000	22	111	133	15%
15001-20000	6	37	43	5%
20000 or more	28	434	463	51%
Total	221	677	905	100%

Chart 30. Amount of Bail Received for All Inmates Given Bail (N=905)



4.4.6 Housed Outside of SCCF

11% (207) of all inmates were housed-out at other correctional facilities in New York State. Of the 207 inmates housed-out, 70% (145) were housed at Riker's Correctional Facility. See table 64. Of the 207 housed-out, 207 were sentenced and 34 were pre-trial inmates. See Table 65 and Chart 31.

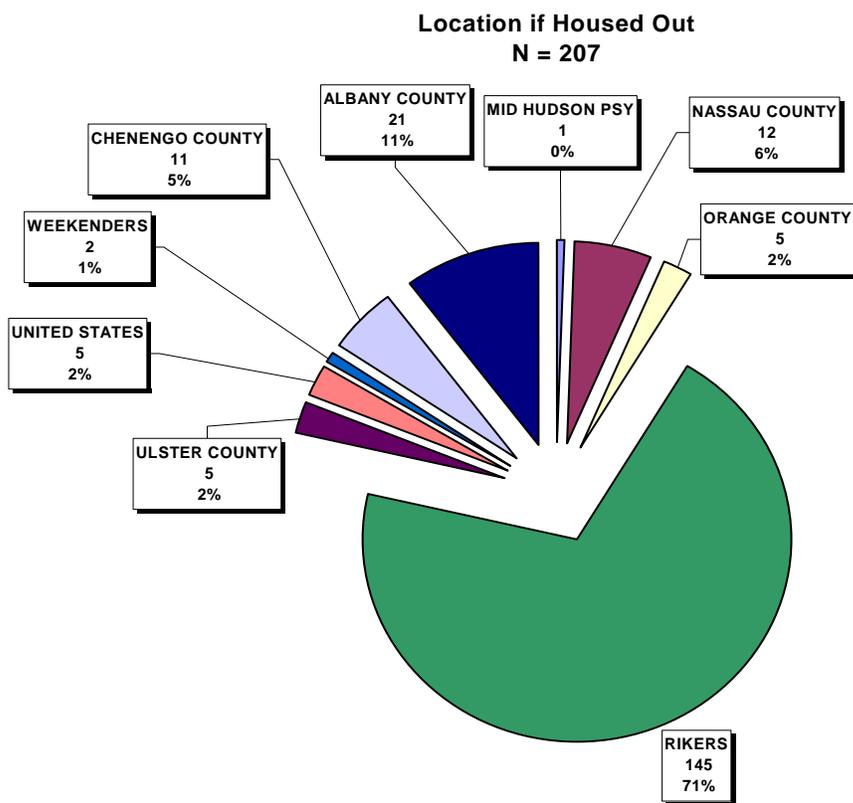
Table 64. Location if Housed Out (N=207)

	Frequency	Percent
Mid Hudson Psychiatric	1	0
Nassau County	12	6
Orange County	5	2
Riker's Island	145	70
Ulster County	5	2
United States Federal	5	2
Weekenders	2	1
Chenango County	11	5
Albany County	21	10
Total	207	100

Table 65. Inmate Status and Location if Housed Out (N=207)

	MID HUDSON PSY	NASSAU COUNTY	ORANGE COUNTY	RIKERS	ULSTER COUNTY	UNITED STATES	WEEKENDERS	CHENENGO COUNTY	ALBANY COUNTY	Total
Sentenced Ready for DOCS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sentenced to County Time	0	3	4	133	0	0	2	10	20	172
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NYS Parole Violator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Writs to SCCF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pre Trial Misdemeanor	0	1	0	6	2	1	0	0	0	10
Pretrial Felony	1	8	1	6	3	4	0	1	0	24
With Other Charges	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	12	5	145	5	5	2	11	21	207

Chart 31. Location of Inmates Housed-Out (N=207)



5 Comparisons between 2004 and 2007 Jail Populations

In 2004, the CJCC completed a report of jail overcrowding which included a profile of the jail population using a "one-day snapshot" sampling method. This sampling method included all inmates held in the Suffolk County Correctional Facility on October 25, 2004.

In 2007, the CJCC specifically selected October 25th as the one-day snapshot for this report so that a comparison could be made between the jail populations, 3 years apart. One difference between the 2004 and 2007 data was the number of inmate characteristics available for analysis. In 2007, the jail database included additional measures which were not available in 2004. While this provided a better understanding of the population in 2007, comparisons to the population in 2004 are limited.

In this section, the 2007 jail population is compared to the 2004 population based upon the available measures of inmate characteristics.

On October 25, 2004 the total jail population was 1,677.
On October 25, 2007 the total jail population was 1,884.

From 2004 to 2007, the total jail population for Suffolk County increased by 12%, or by 207 inmates. See Table 66 and Chart 32.

According to the NYS Department of Criminal Justice Services, the total population of inmates in all of New York State's jails (not including New York City jails or state prisons) increased by an average of 4% from 2004 to 2007⁵. Nationally, the jail population increased approximately 7.8% from 2004 to 2007⁶.

Inmate Status

The sentenced population within the Suffolk jail decreased 6% in 2007 when compared to 2004. In 2004, 39% of all inmates were sentenced, while in 2007, 33% of all inmates were sentenced.

The pre-trial population within the jail increased 7% in 2007 when compared to 2004. In 2004, the total pre-trial population was 51% or 884 inmates while in 2007, the total pre-trial population was 58% or 1102 inmates.

The pre-trial felony population within the jail increased 9% in 2007 compared to 2004. In 2004, 69% of the 884 pre-trial inmates were in pre-trial felony status and in 2007, 77% of the 1102 pre-trial inmates were in pre-trial felony status.

The pre-trial misdemeanor population within the jail decreased 8% in 2007 compared to 2004. In 2004, 31% were in pre-trial misdemeanor status and in 2007, 23% were in pre-trial misdemeanor status. See Table 67 and Chart 33.

⁵ NYS Criminal Justice 2007 *Crimstat* Report; Issued March 31, 2008

⁶ Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Jail Inmates at Midyear 2007*, June, 2008

The largest difference in inmate status between 2004 and 2007 can be seen in the pre-trial felony population. The pre-trial felony population in 2007 increased 9% from 2004. In 2004, 37% or 613 inmates were in pre-trial felony status and in 2007, 46% or 845 inmates were in pre-trial felony status; a difference of 232 inmates.

Comparison to Suffolk County Crime Statistics

In 2004, 24,676 adult arrests were made in Suffolk County and in 2007 24,980 were made; an increase of 1%. In 2004, 6,937 adult felony arrests were made in Suffolk County and in 2007, 7,307 were made; an increase of 5%.

In 2004, 32,016 index offenses (murder and non-negligent manslaughter, robbery, forcible rape, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson) were reported in Suffolk County and in 2007, 30,819 were reported; a decrease of 4%.

In 2007, more offenders were eligible for release than in 2004. In 2004, 47% of all offenders interviewed for Release on Own Recognizance (ROR) were found eligible for release. In 2007, 53% of all offenders interviewed for ROR were found eligible for release⁷.

Table 66. Comparison of Inmates by Status for 2004 and 2007

INMATE STATUS FOR TOTAL JAIL POPULATION		
Inmate Status	Percentage and Number	Percentage and Number
	2004	2007
Sentenced Ready For DOCS	2% (n = 32)	1% (n = 29)
Sentenced To County Time	36% (n = 612)	32% (n = 587)
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	1% (n = 20)	1% (n = 12)
NYS Parole Violator	6% (n = 97)	4% (n = 79)
Writ To SCCF	2% (n = 32)	2% (n = 34)
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	16% (n = 271)	14% (n = 257)
Pre-trial Felony	37% (n = 613)	46% (n = 845)
Total	100% (n=1677)	100 % (n=1843)

⁷ Suffolk County Probation Department ROR Eligibility Scores

Chart 32. Comparison of Inmates Status for 2004 and 2007

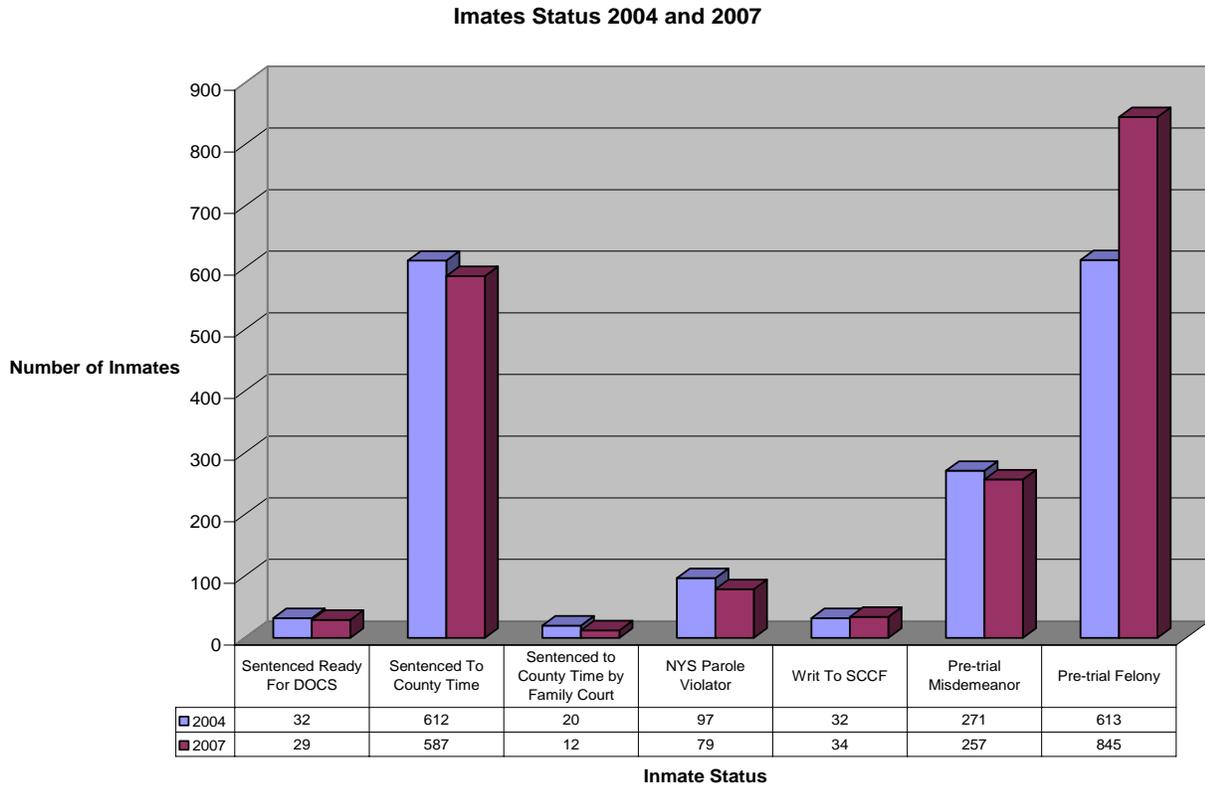
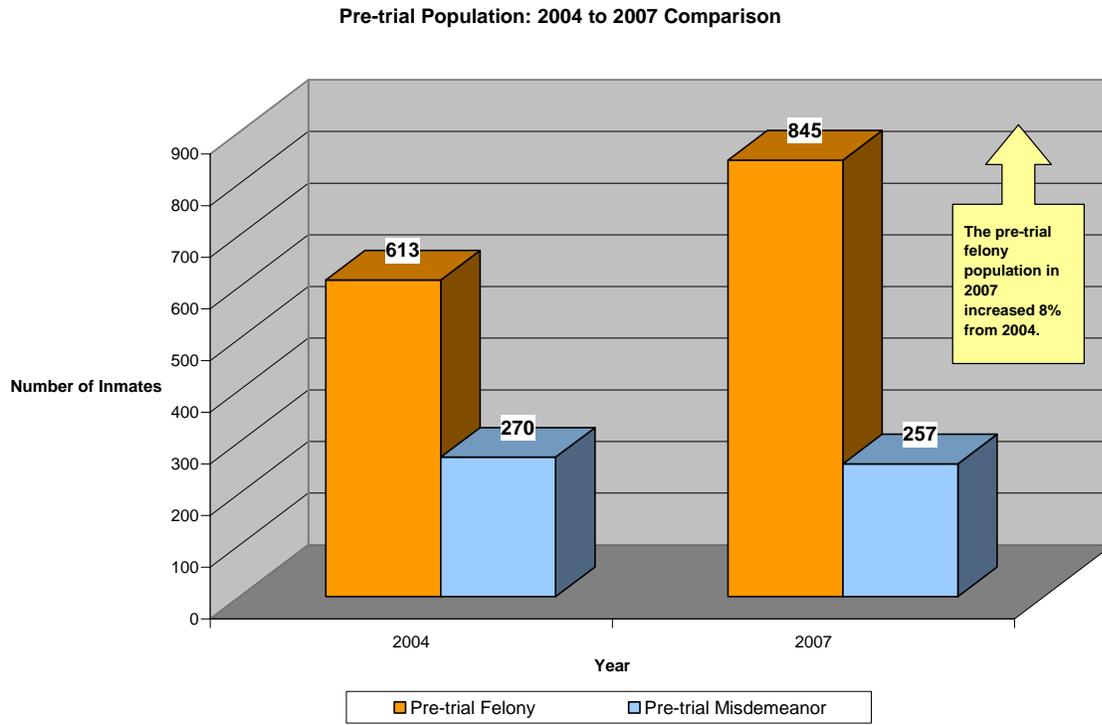


Table 67. Comparison of Pre-trial Inmates 2004 and 2007

Inmate Status	2004 Number	Percent of Total Pre-trial Population	2007 Number	Percent of Total Pre-trial Population
Pre-trial Felony	613	69%	845	77%
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	270	31%	257	23%
Total Pre-trial	883 (51% of total 1677)	100%	1102 (58% of total 1884)	100%

Chart 33. Comparison of Pre-trial Inmates Population 2004 to 2007

Demographic Characteristics

In 2004, the only demographic characteristics of inmates available for analysis were gender, age, and gang affiliation. The gender ratios for males to females remained unchanged between 2004 and 2007. Males comprised 90% of the jail population in 2004 and in 2007. This is consistent with national figures which show that males comprise 90% of the jail populations.⁸ See Table 68.

The age of inmates increased slightly between 2004 and 2007. In 2004, 31% of inmates were between ages 30-39 and in 2007 that age group decreased to 26%. Inmates 40-49 years old comprised 19% of the jail population in 2004 and increased to 22% in 2007. Inmates 50-59 years old comprised 4% of the jail population in 2004 and increased to 6% in 2007. See table 69.

⁸ James, Doris, Profile of Jail Inmates, 2002 (revised 10/12/04), Bureau of Justice Statistics, US Department of Justice, July 2004.

Table 68. Gender of Inmates 2004 and 2007

Gender	Percentage and Number	
	2004	2007
Male	90.0% (n = 1513)	90.4% (n = 1703)
Female	10.0% (n = 164)	9.6% (n = 181)
Total	100.0% (N =1677)	100.0% (N = 1884)

Table 69. Age of Inmates 2004 and 2007

	2004		2007	
	Frequency	Percent	Frequency	Percent
16 to 19	151	9%	173	9%
20 to 29	604	36%	680	36%
30 to 39	520	31%	493	26%
40 to 49	319	19%	405	22%
50 to 59	67	4%	119	6%
60 +	16	1%	14	1%
Total	1677	100%	1884	100.0

The percentage of inmates identified as gang affiliated in 2007 increased 5% in comparison to 2004. In 2004, 14% (240) of inmates were identified as gang affiliated and in 2007, 19% (354) of inmates were identified as gang affiliated.

The percentage of gang affiliated inmates in pre-trial felony status increased 7% in 2007 compared to 2004. In 2004, the percentage of gang affiliated inmates in pre-trial felony status was 53% (126 inmates) and in 2007 was 59% (209 inmates). See Table 70. and Charts 34. and 35.

Table 70. Comparison of Gang Affiliation by Inmate Status 2004 and 2007

Inmate Status	INMATE STATUS OF GANG AFFILIATED JAIL POPULATION	
	Percentage and Number	Percentage and Number
	2004	2007
Sentenced Ready For DOCS	3.0% (n = 7)	1.1% (n = 4)
Sentenced To County Time	24.0% (n = 58)	25.1% (n = 89)
Sentenced to County Time by Family Court	0.0% (n = 0)	0.0% (n = 0)
NYS Parole Violator	4.0% (n = 9)	3.4% (n = 12)
Writ To SCCF	1.0% (n = 4)	1.7% (n = 6)
Pre-trial Misdemeanor	15.0% (n = 36)	9.3% (n = 33)
Pre-trial Felony	53.0% (n = 126)	59.0% (n = 209)
With Other Charges	0.0% (n = 0)	.3% (n = 1)
Unknown	0.0% (n = 0)	0.0% (n = 0)
Total Of Gang Affiliated Inmates	100.0% (N =240)	100.0% (N = 354)

Chart 34. Gang Affiliation and Pre-trial Felony Status 2004 and 2007

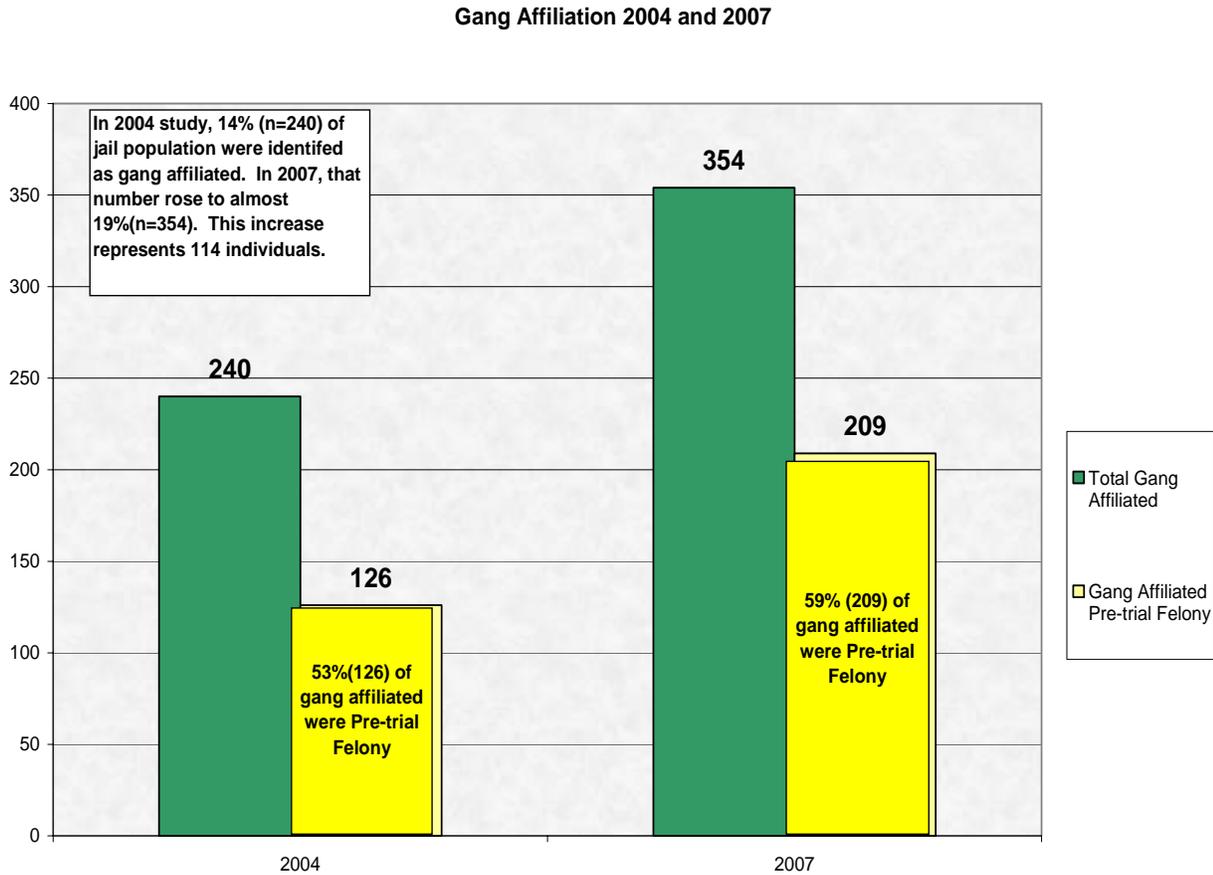
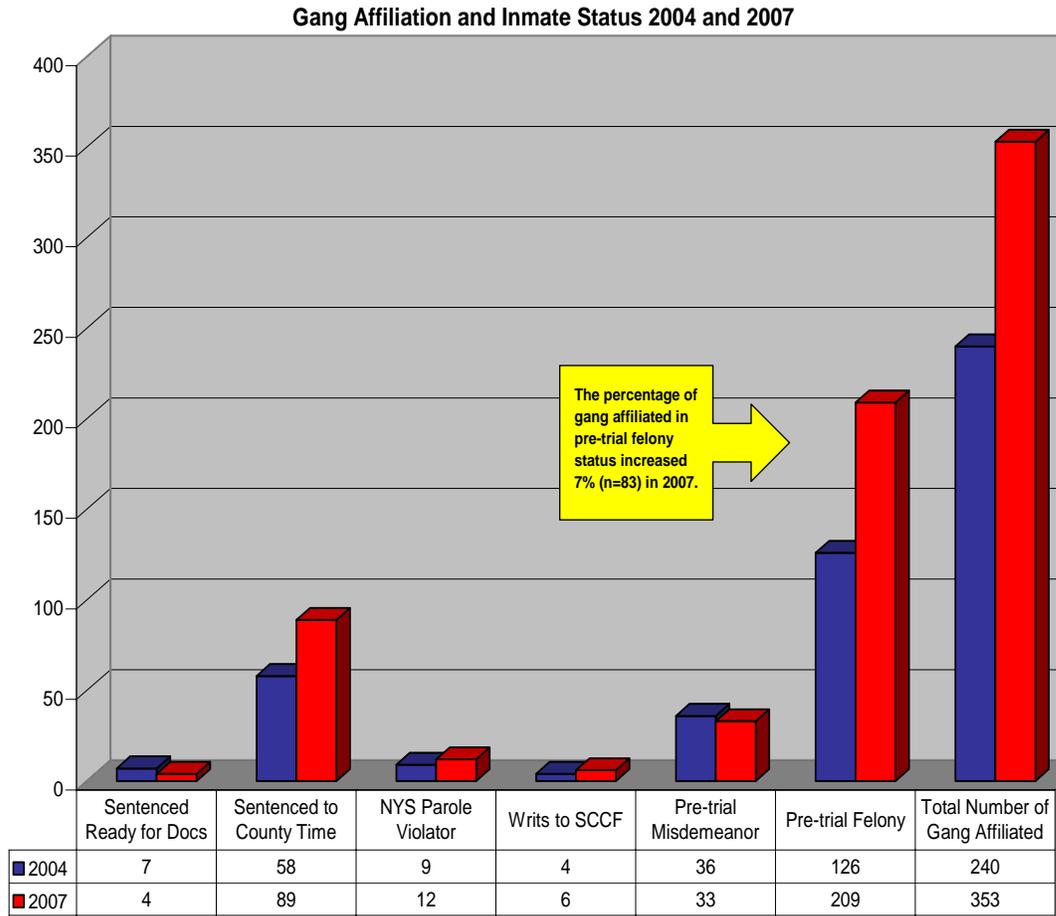


Chart 35. Gang Affiliation 2004 and 2007



Distribution of Offenses

The categories of charges in 2004 differed slightly from the categories used in 2007. The 2004 profile study used the categories of charges defined by the Justice Department. In this 2007 study, the categories of charges defined by the NYS Division of Criminal Justice Services were used. This allowed for better comparisons to NYS statistics. In order to best compare offenses between 2004 and 2007, the 2007 data was recoded to match the Justice Department categories of charges for this section only. See Table 71.

There was a 4% increase in the percentage of inmates with drug and alcohol charges in 2007 (35%) compared to 2004 (31%). The percentage of inmates with violent crime charges increased 2% in 2007. In 2004 the percentage of inmates with violent crime charges was 22% and in 2007 it was 24%. Property charges decreased 6% in 2007. In 2004, the percentage of inmates with property crime charges was 16% and in 2007 was 10%. See Table 71. and Chart 36.

Comparison to Suffolk County Crime Statistics⁹

In 2007, the total number of property crimes reported for all of Suffolk County decreased 3% when compared to 2004. In 2007, 28,180 property crimes were reported and in 2004, 29,172 were reported. This represents a decrease of 992 or 3%.

In 2007, the total number of violent crimes reported for all of Suffolk County decreased by 7% when compared to 2004. In 2007, 2,639 violent crimes were reported and in 2004, 2,844 were reported. This represents a decrease of 205 reported crimes.

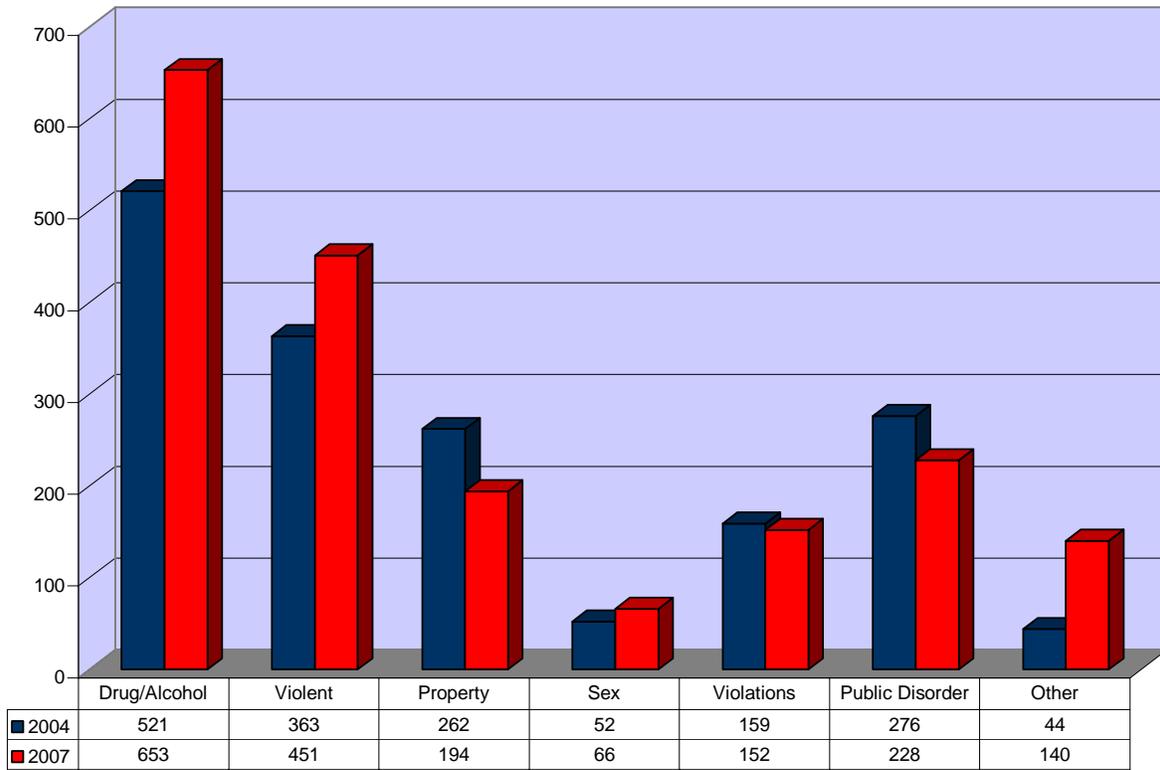
Table 71. Comparison of Charges Held on 2004 and 2007

Category Of Charge	CATEGORY OF CHARGE HELD ON	
	Percentage and Number	Percentage and Number
	2004	2007
Drug/ Alcohol	31.0% (n = 521)	35% (n = 653)
Violent	22.0% (n = 363)	24% (n = 451)
Property	16.0% (n = 262)	10% (n = 194)
Sex	3.0% (n = 52)	4% (n = 66)
Violations	10.0% (n = 159)	8% (n = 152)
Public Disorder	16.0% (n = 276)	12% (n = 228)
Other	2.0% (n = 44)	7% (n = 140)
Total	100.0% (N =1677)	100.0% (N = 1884)

⁹ NYS Division of Criminal Justice Services, Index Crimes Reported 2003-2007, www.criminaljustice.state.ny.us

Chart 36.

Category of Charges Held on: 2007 Compared to 2004



Days in Custody from Intake to Date of Study

The number of days in custody for all inmates in 2004 was compared to 2007. The days in custody were defined by the number of days from intake to the date of data collection (October 25th 2004 and 2007). In 2004, the categories of days in custody are slightly different than the categories listed in Table 53. For this analysis, the categories from the 2004 study were used. See Table 72.

In 2007, a slightly higher percentage of inmates spent more time in custody than in 2004. In 2007, 29% of inmates spent more than 120 days in custody and in 2004, 22% spent more than 120 days in custody.

Table 72. Days in Custody Comparison for 2004 and 2007

	2004 Number	2004 Percent	2007 Frequency	2007 Percent
30 days or less	589	35.1	572	31.0
31-60 days	360	21.5	315	17.0
61-120 days	352	21.0	425	23.0
121-180 days	165	9.8	210	11.4
181-240 days	96	5.7	139	7.5
241-300 days	39	2.3	74	4.0
301-360 days	22	1.3	26	1.4
more than 360 days	54	3.2	87	4.7
Total	1677	100.0	1848	100.0

Bail

The percentage of pre-trial inmates receiving bail increased 2% in 2007. In 2007, 82% (912) of inmates in pre-trial status (1102) received bail. In 2004, 80% (712) of inmates in pre-trial status (883) received bail.

The percentage of pre-trial inmates receiving bail between \$25 and \$500 decreased 8% in 2007. In 2007 4% (47) of all inmates in pre-trial status received bail amounts between \$25 and \$500. In 2004, 12% (107) of all inmates in pre-trial status received bail amounts between \$25 and \$500.

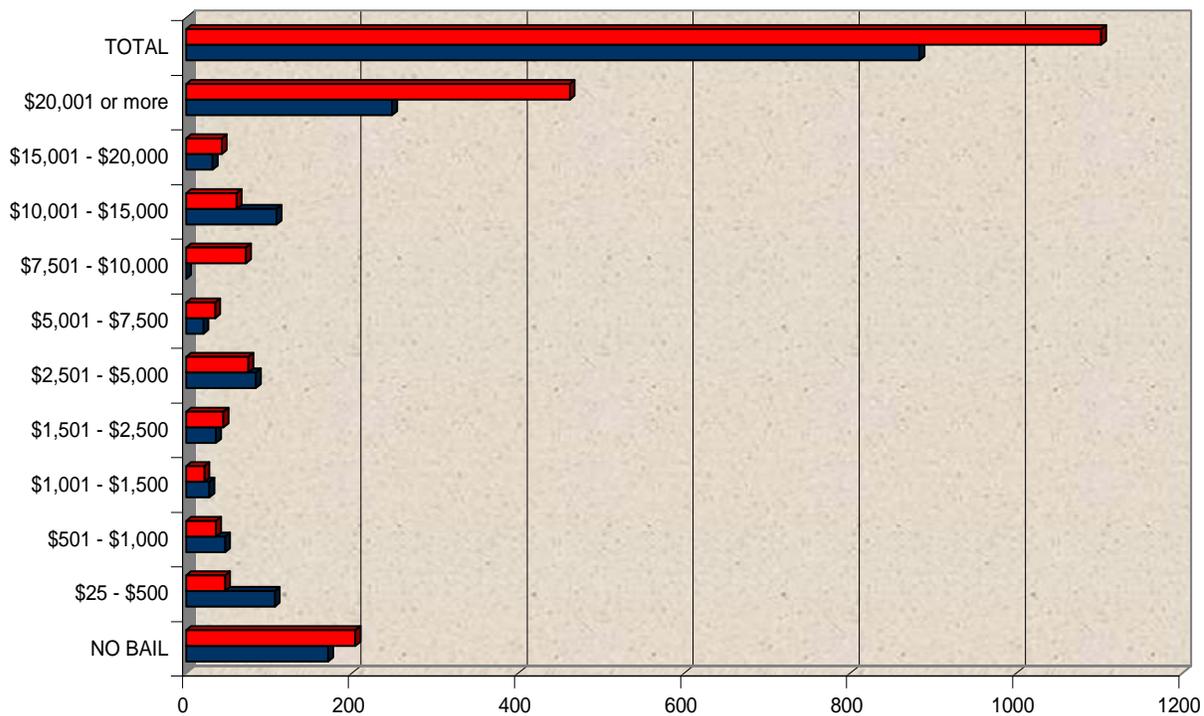
The percentage of pre-trial inmates receiving bail in excess of \$20,000 increased 14% in 2007. In 2007, 42% (462) of all inmates in pre-trial status received bail amounts over \$20,000. In 2004, 28% (248) of all inmates in pre-trial status received bail amounts in excess of \$20,000. Tables 73. and Charts 37. and 38. show the bail comparisons for pre-trial inmates.

Table 73. Comparison of All Pre-trial Inmates Receiving Bail by Amount of Bail 2004 and 2007

BAIL AMOUNT	TOTAL PRE-TRIAL	TOTAL PRE-TRIAL
	Percentage & Number of Inmates	Percentage & Number of Inmates
	2004	2007
NO BAIL	19% (n = 171)	19% (n = 204)
\$25 - \$500	12% (n = 107)	4% (n = 47)
\$501 - \$1,000	5% (n = 47)	3% (n = 36)
\$1,001 - \$1,500	3% (n = 28)	2% (n = 22)
\$1,501 - \$2,500	4% (n = 36)	4% (n = 45)
\$2,501 - \$5,000	10% (n = 84)	7% (n = 75)
\$5,001 - \$7,500	2% (n = 21)	3% (n = 35)
\$7,501 - \$10,000	0% (n = 0)	7% (n = 72)
\$10,001 - \$15,000	12% (n = 109)	6% (n = 61)
\$15,001 - \$20,000	4% (n = 32)	4% (n = 43)
\$20,001 or more	28% (n = 248)	42% (n = 462)
TOTAL	100.0% (N = 883)	100.0% (N = 1102)

Chart 37. Comparison of All Pre-trial Inmates Receiving Bail by Amount of Bail 2004 and 2007

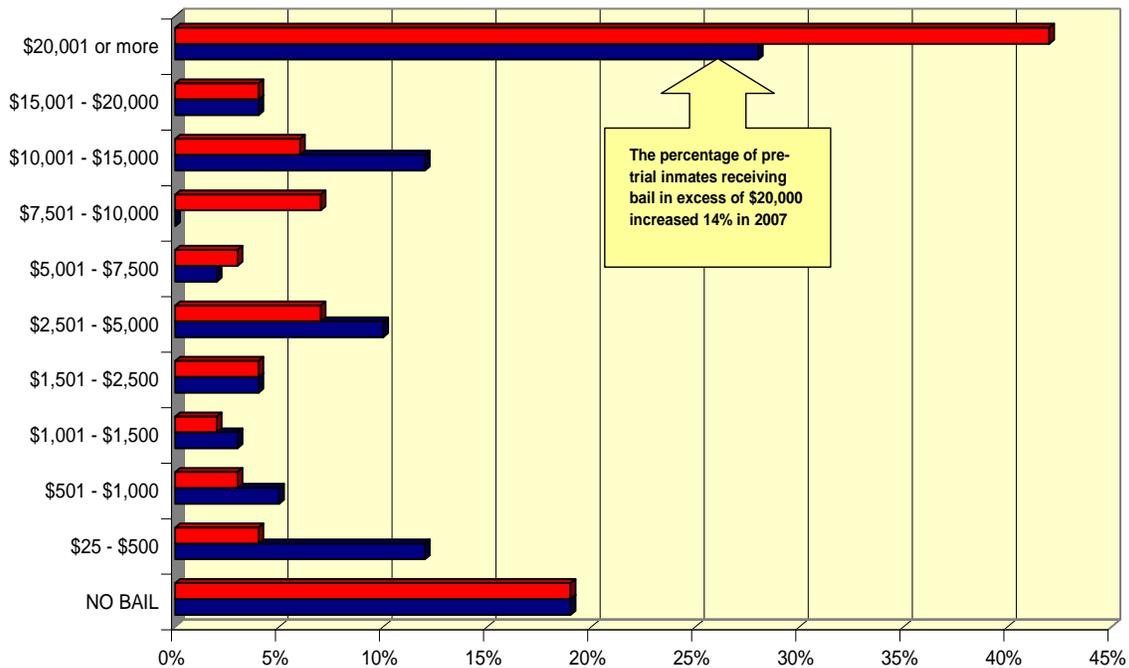
Pretrial Bail Total (Felon & Misdemeanor) 2007 Compared to 2004



	NO BAIL	\$25 - \$500	\$501 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$1,500	\$1,501 - \$2,500	\$2,501 - \$5,000	\$5,001 - \$7,500	\$7,501 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$15,000	\$15,001 - \$20,000	\$20,001 or more	TOTAL
■ 2007	204	47	36	22	45	75	35	72	61	43	462	1102
■ 2004	171	107	47	28	36	84	21	0	109	32	248	883

Chart 38.

Pre-trial Bail: Percentage of Pre-trial in Each Category
2007 Compared to 2004



	NO BAIL	\$25 - \$500	\$501 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$1,500	\$1,501 - \$2,500	\$2,501 - \$5,000	\$5,001 - \$7,500	\$7,501 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$15,000	\$15,001 - \$20,000	\$20,001 or more
■ 2007	19%	4%	3%	2%	4%	7%	3%	7%	6%	4%	42%
■ 2004	19%	12%	5%	3%	4%	10%	2%	0%	12%	4%	28%

The percentage of pre-trial felony inmates receiving bail between \$25 and \$500 remained unchanged in 2007.

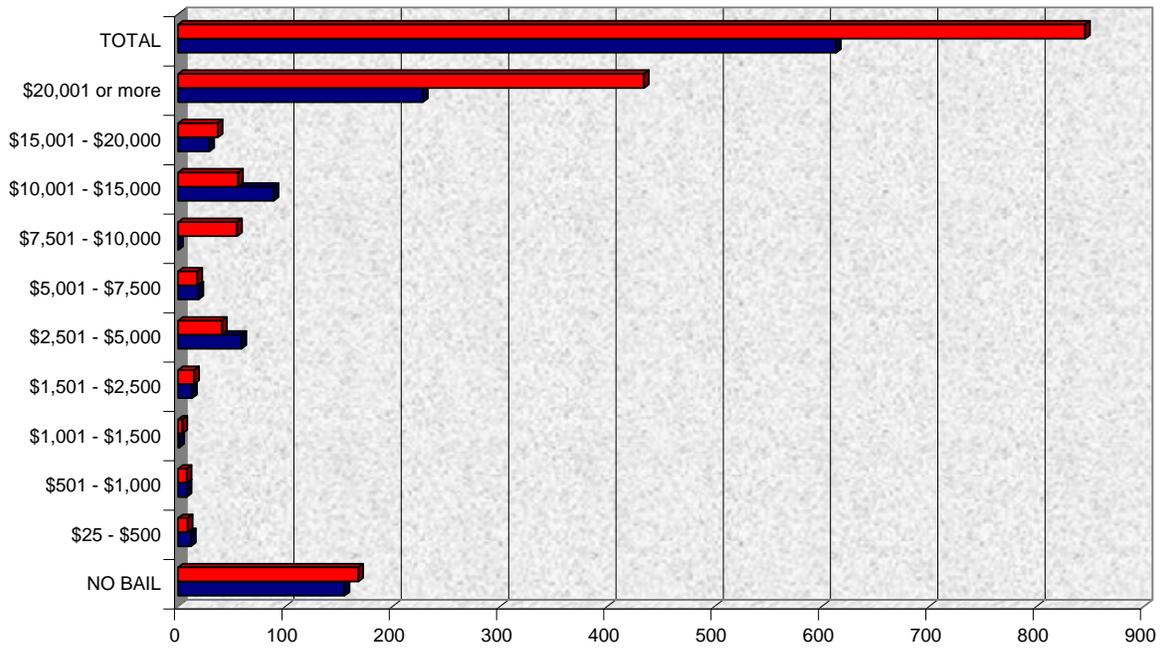
The percentage of pre-trial felony inmates receiving bail in excess of \$20,000 increased 14% in 2007. In 2007, 51% (434) of all inmates in pre-trial felony status received bail amounts over \$20,000. In 2004, 37% (228) of all inmates in pre-trial felony status received bail amounts in excess of \$20,000. Tables 74. and Charts 39. and 40. show the bail comparisons for pre-trial inmates.

Table 74. Comparison of Pre-trial Felony Inmates & Bail: 2007 Compared to 2004

BAIL AMOUNT	Pre-trial Felony	Pre-trial Felony
	Percentage & Number of Inmates	Percentage & Number of Inmates
	2004	2007
NO BAIL	25.3% (n = 155)	19.8% (n = 168)
\$25 - \$500	2.0% (n = 12)	1% (n = 9)
\$501 - \$1,000	1.3% (n = 8)	1% (n = 8)
\$1,001 - \$1,500	0.2% (n = 1)	0.6% (n = 4)
\$1,501 - \$2,500	2.1% (n = 13)	1.7% (n = 15)
\$2,501 - \$5,000	9.6% (n = 59)	4.8% (n = 41)
\$5,001 - \$7,500	3.1% (n = 19)	2.1% (n = 18)
\$7,501 - \$10,000	0.0% (n = 0)	6.5% (n = 55)
\$10,001 - \$15,000	14.5% (n = 89)	6.6% (n = 56)
\$15,001 - \$20,000	4.7% (n = 29)	4.3% (n = 37)
\$20,001 or more	37.2% (n = 228)	51.3% (n = 434)
TOTAL	100.0% (N = 613)	100.0% (N = 845)

Chart 39. Comparison of Felony Pretrial Inmates Receiving Bail by Amount of Bail 2004 and 2007

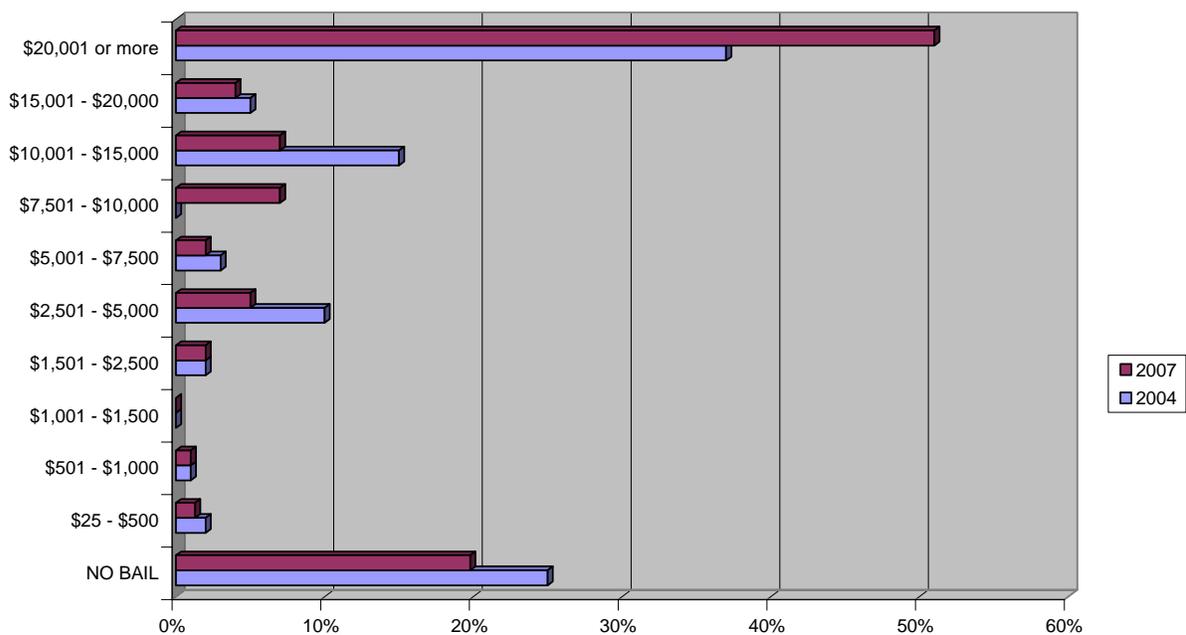
Pre-trial Bail: Felony 2004 and 2007



	NO BAIL	\$25 - \$500	\$501 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$1,500	\$1,501 - \$2,500	\$2,501 - \$5,000	\$5,001 - \$7,500	\$7,501 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$15,000	\$15,001 - \$20,000	\$20,001 or more	TOTAL
■ 2007	168	9	8	4	15	41	18	55	56	37	434	845
■ 2004	155	12	8	1	13	59	19	0	89	29	228	613

Chart 40.

Pre-trial Bail:Percentage of Pre-trial Felony 2004 and 2007



	NO BAIL	\$25 - \$500	\$501 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$1,500	\$1,501 - \$2,500	\$2,501 - \$5,000	\$5,001 - \$7,500	\$7,501 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$15,000	\$15,001 - \$20,000	\$20,001 or more
2007	20%	1%	1%	0%	2%	5%	2%	7%	7%	4%	51%
2004	25%	2%	1%	0%	2%	10%	3%	0%	15%	5%	37%

The percentage of pre-trial inmates in misdemeanor status with bail amounts between \$25 and \$500 decreased 18% in 2007. In 2004, 35% (95) of pre-trial misdemeanor inmates received bail amounts between \$25 and \$500 and in 2007, 17% (38) of pre-trial misdemeanor inmates received bail amounts between \$25 and \$500.

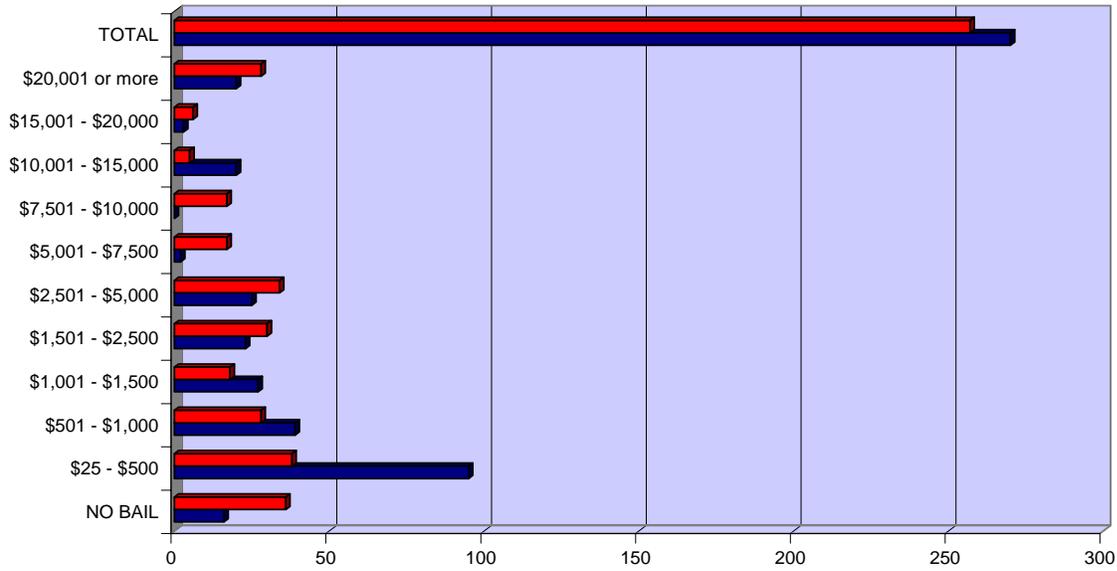
The percentage of pre-trial inmates in misdemeanor status with bail amounts in excess of \$20,000 increased 6% in 2007. In 2004, 7% (20) of all pre-trial misdemeanor inmates received bail amounts in excess of \$20,000. In 2007, 11% (28) of all pre-trial misdemeanor inmates received bail amounts over \$20,000. Table 75. and Charts 41. and 42. show the bail comparisons for pre-trial misdemeanor inmates.

Table 75. Comparison of All Pre-trial Misdemeanor Inmates Receiving Bail by Amount of Bail 2004 and 2007

BAIL AMOUNT	Pre-trial Misdemeanor	Pre-trial Misdemeanor
	Percentage & Number of Inmates	Percentage & Number of Inmates
	2004	2007
NO BAIL	5.9% (n = 16)	14.0% (n = 36)
\$25 - \$500	35.2% (n = 95)	14.7% (n = 38)
\$501 - \$1,000	14.4% (n = 39)	11.2% (n = 28)
\$1,001 - \$1,500	10.0% (n = 27)	7.0% (n = 18)
\$1,501 - \$2,500	8.5% (n = 23)	11.6% (n = 30)
\$2,501 - \$5,000	9.3% (n = 25)	13.2% (n = 34)
\$5,001 - \$7,500	0.7% (n = 2)	6.6% (n = 17)
\$7,501 - \$10,000	0.0% (n = 0)	6.6% (n = 17)
\$10,001 - \$15,000	7.4% (n = 20)	1.9% (n = 5)
\$15,001 - \$20,000	1.1% (n = 3)	2.3% (n = 6)
\$20,001 or more	7.4% (n = 20)	10.8% (n = 28)
TOTAL	100.0% (N = 270)	100.0% (N = 257)

Chart 41. Comparison of Misdemeanor Pre-trial Inmates Receiving Bail by Amount of Bail 2004 and 2007

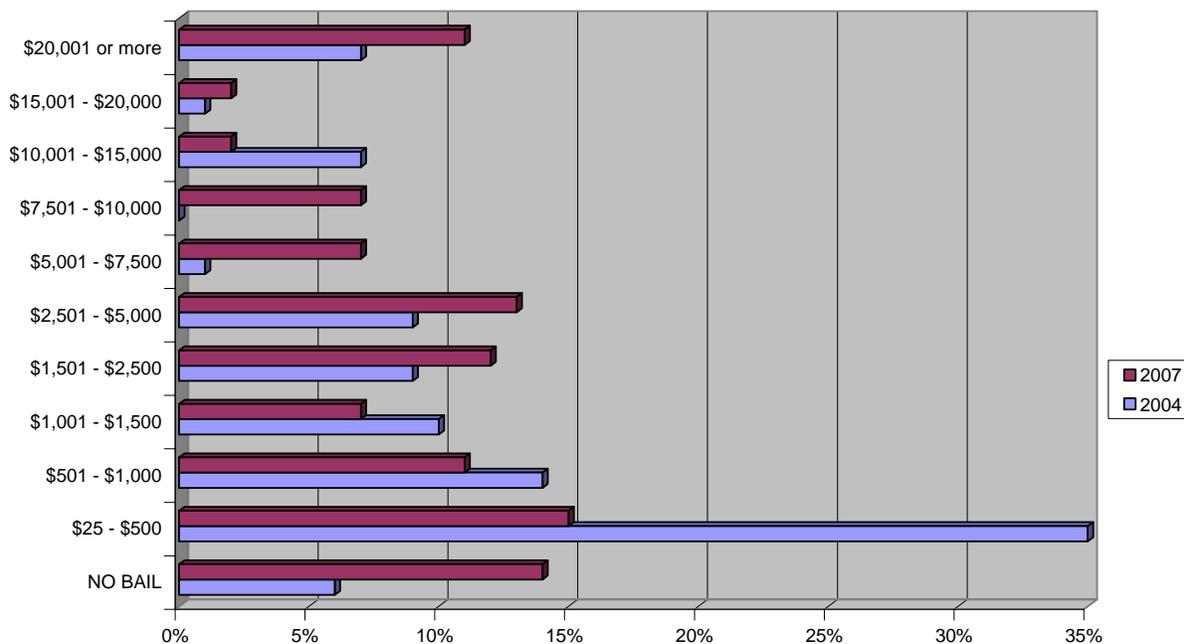
**Pre-trial Bail
Misdemeanor:
2004 and 2007**



	NO BAIL	\$25 - \$500	\$501 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$1,500	\$1,501 - \$2,500	\$2,501 - \$5,000	\$5,001 - \$7,500	\$7,501 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$15,000	\$15,001 - \$20,000	\$20,001 or more	TOTAL
■ 2007	36	38	28	18	30	34	17	17	5	6	28	257
■ 2004	16	95	39	27	23	25	2	0	20	3	20	270

Chart 42.

Percentage of Pre-trial Misdemeanor Bail 2004 and 2007



	NO BAIL	\$25 - \$500	\$501 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$1,500	\$1,501 - \$2,500	\$2,501 - \$5,000	\$5,001 - \$7,500	\$7,501 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$15,000	\$15,001 - \$20,000	\$20,001 or more
2007	14%	15%	11%	7%	12%	13%	7%	7%	2%	2%	11%
2004	6%	35%	14%	10%	9%	9%	1%	0%	7%	1%	7%

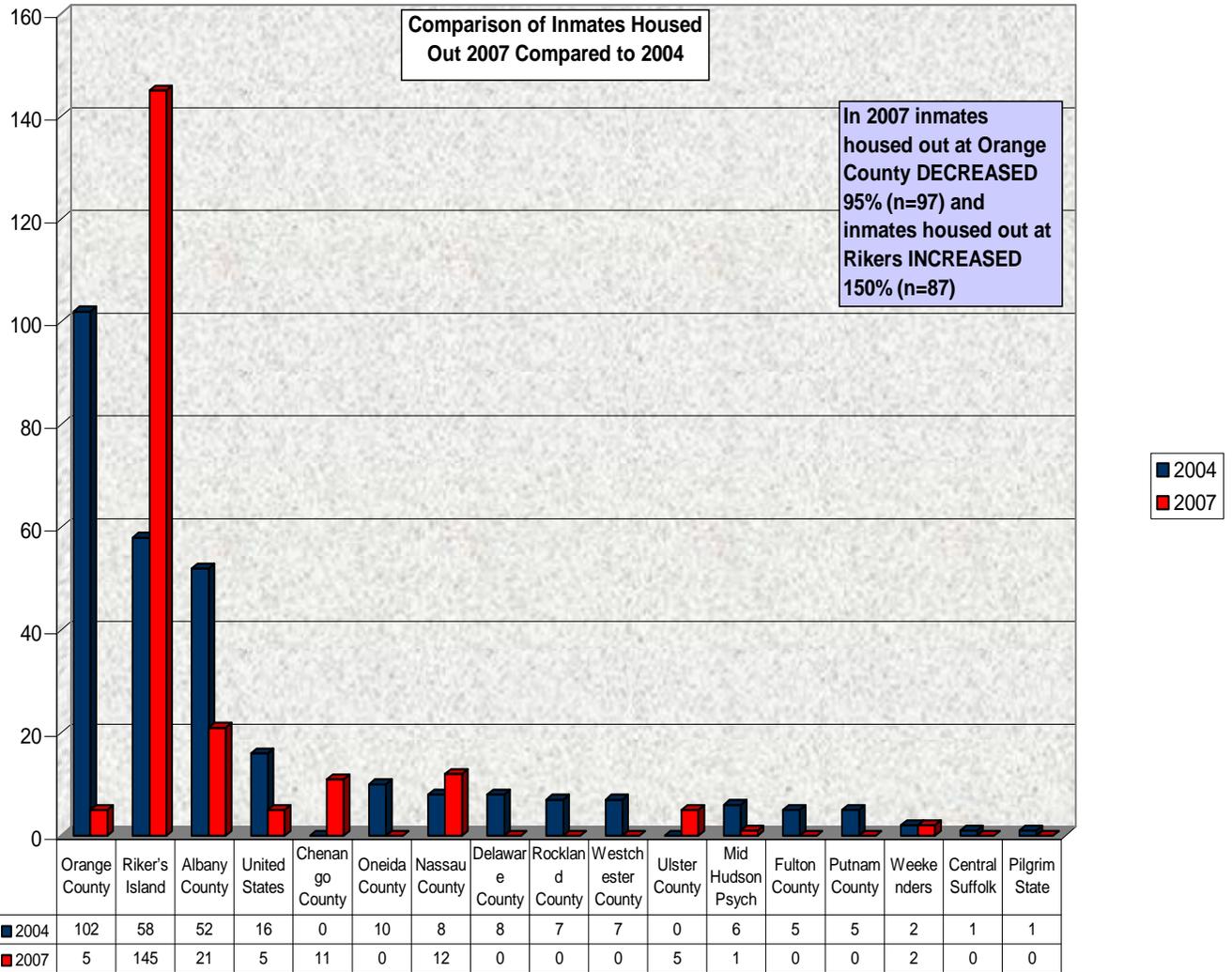
Housed-Out

In 2004, 18% (288) of all inmates were housed-out in other correctional facilities within New York State. In 2007, 11% (207) of all inmates were housed-out in other correctional facilities. In 2004, 35% (102) of all inmates housed-out were sent to Orange County and in 2007 2% (5) of all inmates housed-out were sent to Orange County. In 2004, 20% (58) of all inmates housed-out were sent to Riker's Island and in 2007, 70% (145) of all inmates housed-out were sent to Riker's Island. See Table 76. and Chart 43.

Table 76. Comparison of Inmates Housed-Out 2004 and 2007

Facility	PRISONERS HOUSED-OUT	
	Percentage and Number	Percentage and Number
	2004	2007
Orange County	35.40% (n = 102)	2.42% (n= 5)
Riker's Island	20.14% (n = 58)	70.05% (n = 145)
Albany County	18.06% (n = 52)	10.14% (n = 21)
United States	5.56% (n = 16)	2.42% (n = 5)
Chenango County	0.00% (n=0)	5.31% (n = 11)
Oneida County	3.47% (n = 10)	0.00 (n=0)
Nassau County	2.78% (n = 8)	5.80% (n = 12)
Delaware County	2.78% (n = 8)	0.00% (n=0)
Rockland County	2.43% (n = 7)	0.00% (n=0)
Westchester County	2.43% (n = 7)	0.00% (n=0)
Ulster County	0.00% (n=0)	2.42% (n = 5)
Mid Hudson Psych	2.08% (n = 6)	0.48% (n = 1)
Fulton County	1.74% (n = 5)	0.00% (n=0)
Putnam County	1.74% (n = 5)	0.00% (n=0)
Weekenders	0.69% (n = 2)	0.97% (n = 2)
Central Suffolk	0.35% (n = 1)	0.00% (n=0)
Pilgrim State	0.35% (n = 1)	0.00% (n=0)
Total	100.0% (N =288)	100.0% (N = 207)

Chart 43.



Days in Custody

In 2004, inmates spent fewer days in jail than in 2007. A slightly higher percentage of inmates spent less than 60 days in jail in comparison to 2007. In 2004, 35% spent less than 30 days and 21.5% spent between 31 and 60 days. In 2007, 31% spent less than 30 days and 17% spent between 31 and 60 days in jail. See Table 77.

Table 77. Comparison of Days in Custody 2004 and 2007 (n=1848)

Number of Days	2004		2007	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
30 days or less	589	35.1	572	31.0
31-60 days	360	21.5	315	17.0
61-120 days	352	21	425	23.0
121-180 days	165	9.8	210	11.4
181-240 days	96	5.7	139	7.5
241-300 days	39	2.3	74	4.0
301-360 days	22	1.3	26	1.4
more than 360 days	54	3.2	87	4.7
Total	1677	100.0	1848	100.0

6. APPENDIX

6. 1 Offense Category Definitions and Specific Offenses for All Inmates

<p>Violent*</p> <p><i>* from NYS Division of Criminal Justice Services</i></p>	<p>Assault – aggravated assault upon a peace officer; assault 1st & 2nd; gang assault 1st & 2nd; assault upon a peace officer, police, fireman or emergency medical services professional; stalking 1st</p> <p>Homicide – manslaughter 1st; murder 1st & 2nd;</p> <p>Sex Offenses – rape 1st; sodomy 1st; aggravated sexual abuse 1st, 2nd, 3rd; sexual abuse 1st; course of sexual conduct against a child 1st & 2nd;</p> <p>Burglary – burglary 1st & 2nd;</p> <p>Robbery – robbery 1st & 2nd;</p> <p>Weapon Offenses – criminal possession of a weapon 1st, 2nd, 3rd; criminal use of a firearm 1st & 2nd; criminal sale of a firearm 1st & 2nd; criminal sale of a firearm with the aid of a minor;</p> <p>Other Violent Felony Offenses – kidnapping 1st & 2nd; arson 1st & 2nd; intimidating a victim or witness 1st & 2nd</p>
Drug	Criminal possession of a controlled substance 1 st – 7 th ; use of child to commit a controlled substance offense; criminal sale of a controlled substance 1 st – 5 th ; possession of hypodermic instrument; criminal injection of a narcotic drug; criminal use of drug paraphernalia; unlawful possession of marijuana; criminal possession of marijuana 1 st – 5 th ; criminal sale of marijuana 1 st – 5 th
DWI	Driving while ability impaired (alcohol or drug); operating a motor vehicle(alcohol or drugs); driving while intoxicated;
Property	Trespass; criminal trespass; burglary 3 rd ; possession of burglary tools; criminal mischief 1 st – 4 th ; criminal tampering 1 st – 3 rd ; arson 3 rd – 5 th ; petit larceny; grand larceny 1 st – 4 th ; unauthorized use vehicle 1 st – 3 rd ; auto stripping 1 st – 3 rd ; criminal possession of stolen property 1 st – 5 th ;
Sex Offenses	Sexual misconduct; rape 2 nd & 3 rd ; criminal sexual act; forcible touching; sexual abuse 2 nd & 3 rd ; aggravated sexual abuse 4 th ;
Assaults	Assault 3 rd ; menacing 1 st -3 rd ; hazing; reckless endangerment; stalking 2 nd -4 th ; tampering with a witness; criminal contempt 1 st & 2 nd ; aggravated harassment; criminal interference; Robbery 3 rd .
Violations	Violation of Probation; Violation of Parole; revocation of parole; Violation of Family Court Act; Family Court Warrant; failure to register as sex offender; FOA Warrant, FUG Just.
Other	All other charges not specified above

OFFENSE CATEGORIES AND CHARGES

Violent	Count	Drug	Count	Sex Offenses	Count
ARSON-2	5	CPCS-1	6	CRIM SEX ACT 2 V<15	2
ASSAULT-1	11	CPCS-3	72	CRIMINAL SEXUAL ACT1	8
ASSAULT-2	53	CPCS-4	19	CRIMINAL SEXUAL ACT3	2
BURGLARY-1	26	CPCS-5	17	FORCIBLE TOUCHING	1
BURGLARY-2	68	CPCS-7	93	POSS SEXUAL PERFORM	1
COURSE SEX CONDUCT-C	1	CRIM POSS MAR-5	2	PREDATORY SEX ASSLT	1
CRIM POS WEAP-2	21	CSCS-1	15	RAPE-3	4
CRIM POS WEAP-3	14	CSCS-2	19	RAPE 2	3
GANG ASSAULT 1ST	9	CSCS-3	163	SEXUAL MISCONDT	4
KIDNAPPING-1	1	CSCS-4	3	SODOMY 2 INCAP CONSE	1
KIDNAPPING 2	1	CSCS-5	2		
MANSLAUGHTER-1	5	IMIT CONTRL SUB 1st	2		
MURDER-1ST:POLICE OF	1	POSS HYPO INST	4		
MURDER-2	27	POSS MARIJNA 4	3		
RAPE-1	19	SALE MARIJNA 3	1		
ROBBERY-1	68	SELL DANG DRG-1	1		
ROBBERY-2	59	SELL DANG DRG-3	2		
SEXUAL ABUSE-1	12	USE DRUG PARA-2	1		
SEXUAL ABUSE-2	3				
SEXUAL ABUSE-3	3				
AGG SEX ABUSE 1	1				
Total	408	Total	425	Total	27
DWI/Alcohol	Count	Property	Count	Assaults	Count
2ND CONV 1192.3	22	CPSP-3	13	AGG HARASS-2	12
OP MV ALC/DRUG1	110	AUTO STRIPPING 3RD	1	ASSAULT-3	28
OP MV ALC/DRUG2	68	BURGLARY 3	56	CRIM CONTEMPT-1	30
OPER MV INTOX 3RD	4	CPSP-1	1	CRIM CONTEMPT-2	54
DWAI	4	CPSP-2	2	MENACING 2ND	14
DWI	9	CPSP-4	18	MENACING 3RD	3
Total	217	CPSP-5	14	RECK ENDANG 1	5
		CRIM MISCHIEF-2	3	RECK ENDANG 2	2
		CRIM MISCHIEF-3	10	ROBBERY-3	25
		CRIM MISCHIEF-4	5		
		CRIM TRESPASS-2	5		
		CRIM TRESPASS-3	1		
		GRAND LARCENY-2	7		
		GRAND LARCENY-3	17		
		GRAND LARCENY-4	30		
		PETIT LARCENY	75		
		UNAUT USE VEH-3	11		
		UNAUTH USE VEH	3		
Total	55	Total	272	Total	173
VTL 511		Count			
AGG UNLIC OPER 1ST	30				
AGG UNLIC OPER 2ND	13				
AGG UNLIC OPER 3RD	8				
FAC AGGR UNLIC OP 1	1				
OP VEH LIC SUSP	2				
UNLIC DRIVER	1				

Other	Count		
CONSPIRACY-2	13	MANSLAUGHTER-2	2
ANIMALS VIOL	2	OBST GOVT ADMIN	5
ARSON-3	5	OTHER	1
BABYLON VILLAGE CODE	3	POS CONT PRIS-1	1
CIG TAX VIOL	2	POS FORG INST-1	2
CNTRABND PRIS-1	1	POS FORG INST-2	9
CONSPIRACY-1	3	PROH USE WEAP	1
CONSPIRACY-2	1	PUBLIC LEWDNESS	3
CRIM IMPERS	2	RESIST ARREST	16
CRIM POS WEAP-4	3	STALK 4/COMMUNICATE	1
CRIM USURY-1	4	TAMP PHYS EVID	1
CUST INTERF-1	1	UNLAW SURVEIL 2	1
DECLAR OF DELINQUENC	1	YOUTHFUL OFFENDER	14
DISORD CONDUCT	2	HARASSMENT	1
DISS INDEC MAT-MINOR	1	CRIM NEG HOMICIDE	1
ENDAN WEL CHILD	6	VEH MAN-2	2
ESCAPE-2	1	VEH MANSLAUTR 1	1
ESCAPE-3	2	VEHIC ASSAULT 1	1
FALS BUS REC-1	1	VEHIC ASSAULT 2	1
FALSE PERSONATION	6	Total	155
FALSE REPORT INCD 2	1		
FILE FLS INST-2	1	Violations	Count
FLEE OFFCR IN MV 1ST	1	ARR FUG W/O WNT	1
FLEE OFFCR IN MV 3RD	2	COURT APPEAR ONLY	4
FORGERY-2	7	FAIL TO REG:SEX OFF	6
FORGERY-3	6	FAIL TO REG:SEX OFF1	3
FRAUDULENT PRACTICES	1	FAIL TO REG:SEX OFF2	4
HARASSMENT 2ND	4	FAMILY COURT WARRA	2
HINDER PROSEC 1	1	FOA WARRANT	9
IDENT THEFT 1ST	1	FUG/JUS-OUT-F-	1
LEAV ACC W/O ID PRIO	3	REVOKE PAROLE/RELE.	65
LEAV INJ ACC - SPI	1	SENTENCE VIOL	39
LOIT PROST-1	2	UNSPEC VIOL	1
		VIOL FCA VIOL	14
		VIOL. OF PAROLE	3
		Total	152

6.2 Specific Offenses for All Inmates and Bail Amount

	< 1000	1001-5000	5001-10000	10001-25000	25001-50000	50001-100000	100001-250000	250001-500000	>500000	none or unknown	Total
CONSPIRACY-2	0	0	0	3	1	4	0	3	0	0	11
CPSP-3	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	4	8
2ND CONV 1192.3	1	0	1	6	4	0	0	0	0	1	13
AGG HARASS-2	4	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	8
AGG UNLIC OPER 1ST	2	0	3	6	4	2	0	0	0	1	18
AGG UNLIC OPER 2ND	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	4
AGG UNLIC OPER 3RD	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	7
ANIMALS VIOL	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
ARR FUG W/O WNT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
ARSON-2	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	5
ARSON-3	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
ASSAULT-1	0	0	1	2	2	0	1	2	0	1	9
ASSAULT-2	0	3	1	3	9	7	3	0	1	11	38
ASSAULT-3	3	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	3	15
BURGLARY-1	1	1	0	2	0	3	3	3	5	5	23
BURGLARY-2	1	6	2	7	8	9	6	0	2	10	51
BURGLARY 3	0	4	2	5	11	4	2	0	0	5	33
CNTRABND PRIS-1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
CONSPIRACY-1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	3
COURSE SEX CONDUCT-C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CPCS-1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	6
CPCS-3	2	1	6	7	10	5	5	3	1	16	56
CPCS-4	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	0	0	1	14
CPCS-5	0	1	0	3	0	4	0	0	0	5	13
CPCS-7	10	13	7	3	3	0	0	0	0	10	46
CPSP-1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CPSP-2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
CPSP-4	0	1	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	9
CPSP-5	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
CRIM CONTEMPT-1	2	10	5	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	23
CRIM CONTEMPT-2	3	8	6	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	20
CRIM IMPERS	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
CRIM MISCHIEF-2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
CRIM MISCHIEF-3	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	5

	< 1000	1001-5000	5001-10000	10001-25000	25001-50000	50001-100000	100001-250000	250001-500000	>500000	none or unknown	Total
CRIM MISCHIEF-4	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
CRIM POS WEAP-2	0	0	1	7	5	0	1	0	0	6	20
CRIM POS WEAP-3	0	0	0	1	0	4	2	0	1	2	10
CRIM POSS MAR-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CRIM SEX ACT 2 V<15	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
CRIM TRESPASS-2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
CRIM USURY-1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	4
CRIMINAL SEXUAL ACT1	1	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	7
CRIMINAL SEXUAL ACT3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
CSCS-1	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	1	1	5	14
CSCS-2	0	0	0	1	0	6	4	2	0	5	18
CSCS-3	4	8	9	26	24	15	7	1	0	13	107
CSCS-4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CSCS-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CUST INTERF-1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
DECLAR OF DELINQUENC	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
DISORD CONDUCT	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
ENDAN WEL CHILD	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
ESCAPE-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ESCAPE-3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
FAC AGGR UNLIC OP 1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
FAIL TO REG:SEX OFF	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
FAIL TO REG:SEX OFF2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
FALSE PERSONATION	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
FALSE REPORT INCD 2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
FLEE OFFCR IN MV 1ST	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
FLEE OFFCR IN MV 3RD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
FOA WARRANT	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6
FORGERY-2	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	6
FUG/JUS-OUT-F-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
GANG ASSAULT 1ST	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	4	1	9
GRAND LARCENY-2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	4
GRAND LARCENY-3	1	1	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	9
GRAND LARCENY-4	1	0	1	8	1	1	0	0	0	4	16
HARASSMENT 2ND	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
HINDER PROSEC 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
IDENT THEFT 1ST	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

	< 1000	1001-5000	5001-10000	10001-25000	25001-50000	50001-100000	100001-250000	250001-500000	>500000	none or unknown	Total
IMIT CONTRL SUB 1st	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
KIDNAPPING-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
KIDNAPPING 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
LEAV ACC W/O ID PRIO	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
LEAV INJ ACC - SPI	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
MANSLAUGHTER-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	5
MANSLAUGHTER-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
MENACING 2ND	1	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	7
MENACING 3RD	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
MURDER-1ST:POLICE OF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
MURDER-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	19	22
OBST GOVT ADMIN	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
OP MV ALC/DRUG1	11	10	6	2	2	4	3	0	0	4	42
OP MV ALC/DRUG2	1	3	8	6	2	2	1	0	0	2	25
OPER MV INTOX 3RD	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
PETIT LARCENY	4	13	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	27
POS CONT PRIS-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
POS FORG INST-1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
POS FORG INST-2	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	5
POSS HYPO INST	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
POSS SEXUAL PERFORM	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
PREDATORY SEX ASSLT	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
PROH USE WEAP	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
PUBLIC LEWDNESS	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
RAPE-1	0	0	1	0	2	6	4	1	2	0	16
RAPE-3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
RAPE 2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
RECK ENDANG 1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	4
RECK ENDANG 2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
RESIST ARREST	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6

Suffolk County Jail Population Analysis Report

	< 1000	1001-5000	5001-10000	10001-25000	25001-50000	50001-100000	100001-250000	250001-500000	>500000	none or unknown	Total
REVOKE PAROLE/RELEAS	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ROBBERY-1	0	1	1	12	7	11	6	2	1	11	52
ROBBERY-2	0	3	1	8	10	6	3	1	0	5	37
ROBBERY-3	0	0	2	3	1	1	1	5	2	4	19
SALE MARIJNA 3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SELL DANG DRG-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
SELL DANG DRG-3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SENTENCE VIOL	0	6	11	9	3	2	1	0	0	5	37
SEXUAL ABUSE-1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	9
SEXUAL ABUSE-2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
SEXUAL ABUSE-3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
SEXUAL MISCOND	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
SODOMY 2 INCAP CONSE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
STALK 4/COMMUNICATE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
TAMP PHYS EVID	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
UNAUT USE VEH-3	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	6
UNAUTH USE VEH	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
UNLIC DRIVER	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
VEH MAN-2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
VEH MANSLAUTR 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
VIOL FCA VIOL	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
YOUTHFUL OFFENDER	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
HARASSMENT	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
DWAI	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	83	142	107	171	137	122	77	29	30	204	1102

